The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

M. F. EGAN, Business Manager.

TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; delivered by carrier (6 weeks), 25 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00.

Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

The money to accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1873. NO. 207.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DISCONTINUANCES.—1. Subscribers who wish their papers discontinued at the expiration of their subscriptions will please notify us of the fact at least one week before the time expires; otherwise they will be furnished with another number, which they will be expected to pay for.

2. If a letter containing a request to discontinue is received, but no direction is given as to whether the paper is to be stopped at the end of the week, month or year, it will be continued to the end of the week, month or year for which payment has been made, and the publication will not be stopped at the time mentioned in the letter.

3. If a subscriber takes his paper from the office, or has it left at a store or other place, he is responsible to the publisher for the subscription, and must settle with him before he can stop the paper.

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FIRST EDITION.

HALL'S ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Confirmation of Reported Failure.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN HALL.

Rescue of a Portion of the Crew of the Polaris—Fate of the Remainder and the Vessel Uncertain—Statements of the Rescued Persons Discredited—Suspicion that Captain Hall was Murdered During a Mutiny.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., May 9.—The steamer Walrus arrived from the oil fishery this morning, with the news that the steamer Tigress had come into Roberts' Bay, nineteen miles from here, having on board nineteen survivors of Hall's Arctic Expedition. This party, while it had been landed from the Polaris, were driven from her by a gale which burst her moorings, on the 15th of October, 1872, in latitude seventy-two degrees, thirty-two minutes.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 10.—The following dispatch has been received by the State Department:

ST. JOHNS, N. B. May 9.—Just returned from Bay Roberts. Captain Tyson reports having reached North latitude 82.16. Reached winter quarters in September, 1871, in latitude 81.38, longitude 61.44. Captain Hall died of apoplexy, October 18, 1871, and was buried about half a mile southeast of the ship's winter quarters. Crossing Kane's Polar sea, said to be a short sound fourteen miles wide, with the appearance of open water North. Left winter quarters August 12, 1872. Got on beam ends on the 15th of the same month, thence drove South to 77.25. In the ship, when, owing to the heavy pressure of the ice, the vessel was thrown up, and while landing, stores, &c., the vessel broke away from her moorings, with part of the crew, and drifted away. The vessel was last seen under steam and canvass making for the harbor on the east side of Northumberland Island. The Polaris is without boats. Of the two landed on the ice with Captain Tyson one was burnt to make water for the crew, and the other exhibited now in Bay Roberts. The crew lost the vessel on the 15th of October, 1872, and were picked up last April by the Tigress in lat. 28.30, having been 197 days on the ice. No lives were lost. When last on board the Polaris she made no more water than during the past winter and fall; but had received heavy injuries to her stern, causing her to leak badly. The names of the crew here are Capt. Tyson, Fred. Meyer, John Herron, W. C. Kruger, Fred. Anthing, Gustavus Sluguist, Peter Johnson, William Jackson, Equimaux Joe, Hannah and child, Hans Christian, Dr. Kane's expedition, wife and four children, youngest only eight months old. The Polaris is in charge of Capt. Buddington. The crew have lived on a few ounces daily, and latterly on raw seal, eating skins, entrails and all, for the two months, and are all in fairly good health. Capt. Tyson does not expect the Polaris will get clear before July, if in condition to come home. There were fourteen left on board, with plenty of provisions. If the vessel be not in the ice when they can easily construct boats for their safety. All are provided for in Bay Roberts, and will remain there on Monday.

T. N. MALLOY, U. S. Consul.

The following is a correct list of the officers and crew of the 15-foted Polaris: C. F. Hall, Captain, Cincinnati; Buohard C. Chester, Chief Mate, No. Ink, Conn.; Sidney O. Buddington, Sailing Master, Groton, Conn.; Wm. M. Martin, Second Mate, New Jersey; Emil Schuman, Chief Engineer, native of Saxony, lived at Rokokenz; Emil Bessel, leader of scientific corps, native of Heidelburg, Prussia; Fred. Meyer, meteorologist of signal corps, Washington; John Wilson, second engineer, native of Scotland, lived in New York; Walter Campbell, fireman, native of Scotland, nephew of John Wilson; S. Bergren, fireman, native Hamburg; A. C. Tyson, ice pilot, Brooklyn; Charles Brunig, cook, native of Hamburg; John Porter, steward, native of Scotland; Herman Ecm ss, native of Prussia; Henr. Hobby, native of Prussia; Fred Anig, native Prussia; William Jessup, native of Hull, England; G. W. Ungwan, native of Sweden; Joseph Maack, native of Prussia; Peter Johnson, native of Denmark; Esquimaux Joe, wife and child. Captain Hall leaves a wife and five children, daughter and son, who are living at Cincinnati. Emil Schuman, chief engineer, has a wife residing in the same city. Joseph Maack, of the seamen, was a brother of the celebrated African traveler Maack.

SUSPICION OF MUTINY—DEATH OF CAPT. HALL MAY HAVE BEEN MURDERED.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Dr. J. J. Hayes, Arctic explorer, in an interview relative to the failure of the Hall expedition, expressed the opinion that the Polaris was unfit for the service, and that the failure to the vessel was caused by defects in her build. Captain Hall, said the Doctor, was 464 miles from the North Pole. He (Hall) has proven what I have predicted long ago, that Smith's sound was navigable and the open passage into the open Polar sea, which he seems to have reached. Why he was, driven back I cannot tell—probably by drifting ice fields or gales of wind; but I have no doubt that he had reached the Polar Sea. There is one remarkable fact about his explorations. He had constant sunshine all the time, and the survivors who were drifted down South were at last all time without a ray of sunshine. I can't understand why the ship, when it was ascertained she was incumbent Island, would draw up before the ice and discharge its cargo on it. I think there was dissention on board, and it looks to me as though Hall partly had determined to leave the ship. There is a mystery about that portion of the report I cannot fathom. I think Captain Hall has done a glorious thing. He has gone further North with his ship than any human being ever did before him, although others have gone as far in sledges. Captain Hall seems to have taken the theory of Smith's sound, which baffled both previous expeditions, and succeeded in reaching a point where both Kane and I claimed to be. I believe the open Polar sea, in latitude 82.16, the most northerly latitude ever reached by ship. Kane reached only two hundred and nineteen miles further North than Kane's ship. I can't understand why the survivors were left to the mercies of the sea, unless there was difficulty on board the ship. At the outset, at Disco, there was some difficulty with the pilot, Captain Buddington, but this was settled. The Captain of the Congress thinks there was something very mysterious in Captain Hall's death. I would be like to say that he was killed by one of his men in mutiny, but it would not do so. I have never known a case of any one dying in that region of apoplexy, and Capt. Hall certainly did not look like an apoplectic man. I think there is a strong probability that the people on board the Polaris are safe, and that the vessel will be back here by September. The men who deserted the ship probably did so because of fear of death. He was a brave and resolute man, and set out with a determination to reach the North Pole, if it would take him five years to do it. He was one of the pluckiest men I ever saw, and would certainly have stayed two years more to accomplish his purpose if death had spared him—death or murder, I don't know which.

Professor Baird, of the Smithsonian Institute, thinks the Hall expedition far from a failure, and that it has no doubt realized many of the objects in view in sending it out.

The Tornado at Belle Center, Ohio.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BELLE CENTER, OHIO, May 10, 1873.

A terrible tornado passed through the eastern part of this village yesterday, commencing in the woods, a quarter of a mile west of town, tearing large trees up by the roots, then passing through town, completely demolishing two dwelling houses, two good sized shops, taking the roof off the new M. E. Church, tearing down part of the wall, moving the large school house off the foundation, and otherwise injuring several other houses more or less. No one seriously injured. Loss estimated at twenty thousand dollars.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

An extensive conflagration recently occurred at Portau-Prince. One hundred and fifty houses were destroyed and the loss is heavy.

At Boston, Saturday, Halloban was sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Mrs. Lamprey.

In the case of Nixon, who was sentenced to be hanged next Friday, at New York, a stay of proceedings has been granted.

Andrew McClelland, leading policy dealer in Brooklyn, was sentenced on Saturday to one year's imprisonment in the Penitentiary and to pay a fine of $1,000.

The coopers at Boston propose to strike to-day unless employment agree to sell only in future home made barrels at home made rates.

The extensive rolling mill of McDonald & Bros., on the river bank between Douglas and Bandon streets, Louisville, Ky., was nearly destroyed by fire at noon Saturday. The buildings were of wood, covered nearly a block and burned with great rapidity. The loss is estimated at about $75,000; insurance is said to be on y $10,000.

The Chief of Police of Cleveland is organizing a force of twenty men to be sent to the Modoc valley to preserve order and prevent depredations by the miners who have been idle in consequence of the strike for the past four months.

A convention of the Catholic State temperance societies of Ohio will assemble in Cleveland on Tuesday, May 13th.

The excitement over the finding of the dead bodies at Cherry Val-, Kansas, still continues, and several suspected parties have been arrested.

The London papers contain particulars of the comple'e satisfac ion given by the Dominican government for the insult offered to the British flag in February last, when three political refugees were taken by force on the Vice Consul's house at Puerto Plata, under the command and threats by the commander of Her Majesty's ship Niobe. President Baez ordered the prisoners to be set at liberty, and that the Governor rebuild the consul flag and fire a salute of twenty-one guns, all of which was duly done, to the great satisfaction of the foreign residents of the island.

A bar meeting in the United States Court room, at Cincinnati, Saturday, held in respect to the memory of Chief Jessice Chase, was largely a tended. Appropriate resolutions were passed and addresses delivered by Hon. Henry Stanbery and others.

Ex-Governor Hawley has been re-elected President and Campbell, of Indiana, Secretary of the Centennial Commission. The Commission elected the following Executive Committee: Daniel J. Morrill, Pennsylvania; George H. Corliss, Rhode Island; James L. Farle, Maryland; Joseph R. Hawley, Connecticut; John G. Stevens, New York; Walter W. Wood, Virginia; Alfred T. Goshorn, Ohio; Geo. B. Loring, Massachusetts; Richard Wainwrick, Delaware; Lewis W. Smith, Georgia; Chas. H. Marshall, New Jersey; W. H. Parsons, Texas, and Alex. R. Boteler, West Virginia.

It is announced that the President will make no appointment to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Chief Justice Chase until the meeting of Congress.

The steam ship Anglia, from Glasgow, and Wesser from Bremen, arrived at New York yester ay. The Oceanica, which left Saturday for Liverpool, returned to port, owing to slight derangement of machinery. The steam ship Baltimore, from Baltimore, has arrived at Southampton.

Perry White, residing in tenement house 416 New Market street, Philadelphia, set fire to his house, Saturday evening, cut the throat of an unknown man, and after wards killed his own throat. Both died. The flames were soon extinguished.

On Saturday night at Memphis, Tom Conley and George Eagan, both colored, had an altercation about a woman, when the former shot the latter, inflicting a mortal wound. On Sunday afternoon, at the same place, Joe Bowers and Bill Johnson, two notorious negro desperadoes, had a fight on the same account, when Bowers shot Hawkins through the breast, and Hawkins stabbed Johnson three times. Both parties were wounded.

A fire yesterday in New Orleans destroyed property to the value of $100,000.

The Cincinnati Musical Festival closed Saturday, and was a success both musically and financially.

A proposition to transfer $200,000 of stock from the Hannibal and Moberly Railroad to the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Road, with a view of making Hannibal the terminus of the latter road, was voted on at Monroe City, Mo., Saturday, and carried by a large majority.

A rumor in New York in regard to the death of Gov. Dix, originated in the fact that Rev. Dr. Hall received a bogus telegram announcing the death of the Governor, and read it in his church on yesterday morning.

At Columbus, Ohio, during an altercation Saturday, between four carpenters, Henry Bush was stabbed, it is believed fatally, by Francis M. Owens, aged 19 years. Owens feared fatality, with money to make his escape after the was supplied with money to make his escape after the was stabbed, but was arrested twenty five miles north of that city.

The lucky man who drew the $10,000 prize in the Market Association Gift Enterprise, at Milwaukee, is J. F. Lonsdorf, of St. Louis. Notification to that effect was received Saturday.

Rawe's ale in kilderkins, barrels and hogsheads, at Milligan Bros. & Co.'s, 29 Smithfield street.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Corruption in Indian Affairs.

Report of Congressional Committee.

Mt. Vernon Mismanagement.

Louisianz Tax Resisters Dispersed.

The Reports Greatly Exaggerated.

Literary Vandalism Developed

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9, 1873.

Corruption in Indian affairs.

The report of the Committee on Indian Affairs concerning the frauds and wrongs committed against the Indians, ordered to be printed by the late Congress, has just been completed by the government printer. These investigations were instituted under the House resolutions of January 8th and June 1st, 1872, and embraced the power to send for persons and papers, and with leave to report at any time on the condition and management by government officials or other persons of Indian affairs with the Choctaws, Chickasaws, Cherokees and other tribes, nations, bands or individual Indians touching the subject of annuities, pensions, bounties, bounty lands and moneys paid under the treaties and laws of Congress. It is due to Mr. Shanks and the rest of the Committee to make public announcement of the fact that the important labors of this Committee, which have been submitted in a report of four hundred and seventy-two pages, give a very full expose of the frauds and wrongs committed against the Indians, with many statistics of value in the management of Indian affairs, have been consummated with trifling expense. The report gives a startling exhibit of the gross corruption in the dealings of government officials with the Indians. As a preface to their observations the Committee state that "by this investigation and report the Committee hope to do something to rid the Indians and the Indian service of these heartless scoundrels who infest it, and who do so much damage to the Indians, the settlers and the government." The Committee make the following declaration as to the result of their investigation:

"Great frauds and wrongs have been committed with impunity in the past by means of exorbitant, fraudulent contracts for nominal services as attorneys, obtained by persons more or less familiar with the management of the Indian office, either as agents or attorneys, by which the Indians were the sufferers, and which have caused much bad feeling and distrust between them and our government and people, and greatly retard the progress of the Indian in a civilization that they doubted. In fact, the investigation made by the committee shows that there has constantly been, and now is, a class of conditions and unprincipled claim agents and middle men who, for selfish purposes, d feat the mutual interest of the government, our people and the Indians, disgrace the nation and our civilization and discourage and madden the Indian, destroying in him the hope of justice and a faithful observance of our agreements made in treaties. Can the United States with them."

Alluding to the past history of the management of Indian affairs the report says: "And the Committee expresses its surprise and regret that the authorities controlling Indian affairs have heretofore neither directed their own attention nor called the attention of Congress to the great and revolting evils of the patronony of the Indians, and the continued and serious difficulties between them and the white people, by corrupt and contriving middle men, who are shrewd enough to escape the evil results of their own villainies."

Mount Vernon Investigadon.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Regents of the Mount Vernon Association, at Mount Vernon, on May 14th, to investigate the charges which have been made in regard to the uses of the funds of the Association.

End of the Trouble in Louisiana.

A private dispatch from Governor Kellogg, dated at New Orleans last night, states that Badger has made DeBlanc disband his forces and has scoured the country for miles around St. Martinsville. The planters and best people rejoice that the insurgents are whipped and scattered. The court will adjourn there to-morrow. Badger will be released on bail and immediately to the city. The United States troops will arrive there in the morning. There is no need of their presence except to aid the United States Marshal to enforce the decrees of the court. The whole St. Martinsville affair has been exaggerated to create excitement in the city during the absence of the militia, and is now regarded as a fiasco almost equal to that of Livingston parish.

Literary Vandalism.

The vandalism practiced upon books in public libraries, by persons unfit to enjoy the privileges of a civilized community, has been the source of considerable complaint of late. Within a few months this mutilation of works has been discovered to exist to a large extent in the Astor and Mercantile Libraries in New York. It has just been found that the same infamous conduct has been practiced, though to a less extent, on the works in the Library of Congress. A short time since it was discovered that an entire portrait of over a century in length was cut out of an old number of the London *Times*. Not many days ago a woman by the name of McLean, a lunatic of several books, was detected in mutilating her own and other books by cutting out some plates, portions and writing other matter in. Her operations were confined fortunately to no more than five books. The principal depredations, however, are upon engravings. The parties desiring them for illustration, Mr. spofford, the Librarian of Congress, has prepared a bill, which will be submitted to Congress next winter, to prevent the mutilation of books in public libraries in the District of Columbia. In the British Museum in London, and the Bibliotheque Imperiale, now Nationale, in Paris, the crime and piracy was largely carried on until a special library police was organized. At present in this country there are no means of punishing the class of offenders aimed at, but he was killed by one of his men in mutiny, but it would not do so. I have never known a case of any one dying in that region of apoplexy, and Capt. Hall certainly did not look like an apoplectic man. I think there is a strong probability that the people on board the Polaris are safe, and that the vessel will be back here by September. The men who deserted the ship probably did so because of fear of death. He was a brave and resolute man, and set out with a determination to reach the North Pole, if it would take him five years to do it. He was one of the pluckiest men I ever saw, and would certainly have stayed two years more to accomplish his purpose if death had spared him—death or murder, I don't know which.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10, 1873.

THE LOUISIANA SITUATION.

The President this afternoon was asked if Governor Kellogg had made formal application to him to interfere and protect Louisiana from domestic violence, and replied that the Governor had not done so, and in a dispatch from him last night he intimated the prospect was that present troubles would pass away.

The following dispatch was sent hence to-day by Acting Secretary of War Robeson to General Emory:

If the United States Marshal finds it necessary in the execution of his process to take possession of boats or other means of transportation, and asks assistance from you, or directs the troops which already ordered as part of his *posse* to assist him in such seizure, for that purpose, all necessary assistance will be given him in taking and maintaining possession of and using the same.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, May 12, 1873, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR MONDAY.

For the Middle States, northeasterly and northwesterly winds, increasing temperature, generally clearing and clear weather. For the lower lakes, and thence to the upper Ohio valley, clearing and partly cloudy weather, northwesterly winds, veering to southeasterly, with slowly diminishing pressure. For the South At antic and Gulf States and Tennessee, clear weather, northwesterly winds, veering to southerly in the Western Gulf, with higher temperature and partly cloudy weather in the vevenings. For Canada and New England, northwest winds, increasing pressure, clearing weather, with occasional rain on the coast of the latter. For the lower Ohio and lower Missouri valleys and northwest to Michigan, southerly winds, falling barometer, warmer and partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain. Reports are missing from the Northwest, the upper lakes, Southwest and generally west of the Mississippi.

Midnight Bulletin.

May 11, 1873—10:18 P. M.

	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cincinnati, O	.56	Northwest.	Clear.
Davenport	.55	Southeast.	Clearing.
Indianapolis, Ind	.52	Calm.	Clear.
Keokuk	.56	Southeast.	Clear.
Louisville, Ky	.55	Northwest.	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn	.66	South.	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn	.61	Calm.	Clear.
New Orleans, La	.72	North.	Fair.
Omaha, Neb	.58	North.	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa	.59	South.	Fair.
Shreveport, La	.71	Southwest.	Cloudy
St. Louis, Mo	.62	Coubheast.	Fair.

Affairs in Louisiana—Movement of Troops.

ST. LOUIS, May 11.—A special from New Orleans, dated yesterday, says three batteries will be in camp to-morrow at Annunciation square and four infantry companies in other parts of the city, being reinforcements to the Federal troops ordered to the Red river to-morrow to arrest the Colfax resisters. Information is received corroborating the news of preparations for an organized resistance to the service of writs. There is great excitement in that section. The Nineteenth Regulars will be stationed throughout the State in the disaffected parishes. The reports of the cholera here are ugly. The Pinchon-Pastois State convention of the people to protest against bad rulegy, to be held in June, will adjourn to avoid being out of an old number of the London *Times*. Not many days ago a woman by the name of McLean, a lunatic of several books, was detected in mutilating her own and other books by cutting out some plates, portions and writing other matter in. Her operations were confined fortunately to no more than five books. The principal depredations, however, are upon engravings. The parties desiring them for illustration, Mr. spofford, the Librarian of Congress, has prepared a bill, which will be submitted to Congress next winter, to prevent the mutilation of books in public libraries in the District of Columbia. In the British Museum in London, and the Bibliotheque Imperiale, now Nationale, in Paris, the crime and piracy was largely carried on until a special library police was organized. At present in this country there are no means of punishing the class of offenders aimed at. Mr. spofford's bill provides a fine of one hundred dollars and imprisonment from three months to three years for each offense.

STATE POLITICS.

Alluding to the candidacy for the Supreme Judgeship, the Lebanon *Courier* says: "There is a Supreme Judge to be chosen, and the candidate must be a man without spot or blemish of character, and with ability enough to be an ornament to the place. There is no room for political huckstering, and we descend to electioneer for the place, and his friends will sanction no intrigues to place him upon the ticket. He would have been the choice of the Convention a ye ar ago, had not the candidate for Governor been from the East. We allude to Judge Butler, of Chester county. He is a man in the full vigor of life, with a reputation for judicial ability among the first in the State, and with a character for purity above suspition. He has been on the Bench for over a full term in the Chester and Delaware district, where his dispatch of business, the correctness of his decisions, and his urbanity towards all with whom he comes in contact, has made him the most popular Judge that that district has ever had, notwithstanding he is a successful one. Such eminent jurists as Darlington, Bell and others who have had national reputations. The selection of such a man by the Convention would do much to concentrate the strength of the best elements in the State on the ticket."

The Greenburg *Herald* advocates George F. Huff, of this county, for the Republican nomination for State Treasurer.

The Altoona *Sun* gives much to the rumor that Mr. McCrum, senior editor of the *Tribune* of that place, is a candidate for Congress on the Republican side.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* suggests that Judge Hare and Attorney General Thayer of that city are first in the line of promotion to the Supreme Bench, and prefers either to any other candidate.

Inducements Offered

FOR CASH and to PROMPT MEN, on sugars. All kinds of groceries and flour at the Checkered Front, Pittsburgh. T. C. Jenkins.

INVALIDS can rely on getting pure Scotch and English ales, porter and Dublin stout, at Milligan Bros. & Co.'s, 29 Smithfield street.

THE LAST SAD RITES.

Funeral Service Over the Remains of Chief Justice Chase—Removal to Washington for Interment To-day.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Chief Justice Chase were held to-day in St. George's Episcopal church, Stuyvesant square. At the conclusion of the services the congregation slowly dispersed, and subsequently the remains were conveyed to the Jersey City depot, when they were taken to Washington on the 9 P. M. train.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The remains of the late Chief Justice Chase arrived here early this morning, accompanied by relatives and pall bearers, and were conveyed to the Supreme Court room, where they were placed on a catafalque, the same on which the body of Lincoln reposed in the rotunda of the Capitol in April, 1865. Floral decorations, tastefully arranged in the form of crosses, wreaths, anchors, &c., were placed on the coffin and catafalque, most of them being from the Government Conservatory. Immediately in front of the draped seat, formerly occupied by the late Chief Justice, was a large floral cross, while inside the bar were boxes of choicest blooming flowers. A guard of policemen and servants of the court were in attendance. Several thousand persons visited the Supreme Court room in the course of the day, but were disappointed in not seeing the face of the deceased. The casket was opened by a physician for private inspection, but was again screwed down, for the reason, it is said, that the features had undergone a marked change. Therefore it was thought proper not to expose them. Funeral services will at noon to-morrow be conducted by Rev. Dr. Tiffany, in the Senate chamber. All of the furniture, including carpets, was sometime ago removed, but the chairs will be temporarily restored and the vice-President's seat, Secretary's desk, and other parts of the Chamber be draped in mourning.

Funeral of Hon. Oakes Ames.

BOSTON, May 11.—Over three thousand people attended the funeral of Oakes Ames at North Easton, to-day. The services were in the form prescribed in the Unitarian church. Among those present were Vice President Wilson, Senator Boutwell, Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and several past and present members of the Governor's Council (of which Ames was a member during Governor Andrews' and Governor Williams' administrations) Congressman Gooch and Butler, ex-Congressmen Alexander H. Rice, Ginery, Twitchell and E. H. Rollins, ex-Governor Claflin, and Governor Washburn. The body was taken to Easton Cemetery, followed by a long cortege, the workmen in the employ of Oliver Ames & Sons four hundred in number, marching in the procession. Eight employees were selected as pall bearers

THE MODOCS.

Lava Beds Deserted and the Savages Fleeing to Goose Lake Country.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—A dispatch from Yreka states that the Modocs are known to be out of the Lava Beds, and are fleeing to the Goose Lake country. The Warm Spring Indians and several scouting parties are in close pursuit. Six men from Yreka are on the trail of Boston Tracy.

LATER—THE MODOCS STILL IN THE LAVA BEDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—The following dispatch was received from Yreka to-night:

BAILE, May 11.—Wm. Hathaway, army packer, who left Gen. Davis's headquarters yesterday morning, arrived here last night, and brings the latest news from the camps, having passed twelve hours after the regular courier. Donald McKay and his Spring scouts found the Modocs in the Lava Beds four miles south of their old stronghold, near the foot of Snow Mountain, where they are strongly entrenched.

CRIMES.

Escape of Five Prisoners—Verdict for Damages Against a Liquor Dealer.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 11, 1873.

Saturday evening about half past eight o'clock five prisoners escaped from the county jail, by entering the privy vault and digging out. Their names are as follows: Charles Seaber and James Robinson, charged with assault on Mrs. Barnett, at Hanging Rock, a few weeks ago; Kyle Scott, charged with rape; James Murphy, charged with bastardy, and James McCarthy. The Sheriff offers a reward of the hundred dollars for each of the three first, and twenty five dollars each for the last two.

The case of Martha Justice against J. T. Davis, owner of premises where liquor was sold to her husband, who sorrow. Badger will be released on bail ago, was decided to day, giving the plaintiff eight thousand dollars damages. This is the second trial in the first trial she got ten thousand dollars.

Charged with a Heinous Offense.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 10, 1873.

John Cramer, Sr., of this place, was arrested today for an attempted rape on the person of Nettie A. Little, daughtter of D. Grant, aged only four years. Legal proceedings before the Mayor this morning resulted in his being committed to jail in default of one thousand dollars bail.

Suicide by Shooting.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WEST ALEXANDERVILLE, OHIO, May 11, 1872.

Yesterday Levi J. Reed, aged 70 years, blew the top of his head off with a rifle. He was thought to be insane, and was supposed to be connected with a poisoning case, which has not yet been settled. He leaves a family of wife and two children.

Horrible Murder at Wetmore, Kansas.

ATCHISON, Ks., May 10.—A special to the *Daily Champion*, from Wetmore, a small town on the Central Branch Railroad, forty miles from here, gives an account of a revolting and wholesale murder. It appears that a man named James Errickson was arrested some time ago, charged with rape on the wife of a man named Marquette. All the parties were Swedes. Errickson was acquitted and left the place. Yesterday he came back to Wetmore, and this morning went to Marquette's house, near the town, and when the latter came to the door Errickson shot him in the head, killing him instantly. He took Marquette's two small children to the door of a neighbor's house where he left them, saying he had killed their father and was going to kill their mother. The alarm was soon given, and the neighbors rushed to the scene of the murder, but it was reported they feared to go in the house, and sent to Wetmore for assistance. Before it arrived they heard shots inside, and on entering the house they found Mrs. Marquette lying on the bed in a state of nudity and shot in seven places. Errickson was lying across her body, also dead, shot in two places—one over the temple and one in the abdomen. He still held the pistol in his hand, and he had, before he killed a rape on the woman before killing her, and then shot himself.

CASUALTIES.

Two Persons Struck by Lightning.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENVILLE, OHIO, May 11, 1873.

On the 9th Mr. and Mrs. Bowman, residing in the vicinity of Gettysburg, Ohio, were struck by lightning. Mrs. Bowman was instantly killed, and Mr. Bowman seriously injured. They were at the time gathering in their hay.

Boy Crushed to Death by a Horse.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 11, 1873.

A youth of thirteen was found dead in a field a few miles in the country, to-day. He had been harrowing with two horses and when found one of the horses was dead lying on the boy's body. The boy was probably crushed to death by the horse falling upon him.

FIRES.

A Church Narrowly Escapes Destruction.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., May 11, 1873.

The fine new Congregational Church, nearly completed, narrowly escaped destruction by fire about three o'clock Saturday morning. A mass of rags, saturated with oil, varnish, &c., had been left in a keg in one of the rooms by the painters, and took fire by spontaneous combustion. Fortunately the fire was discovered before any serious damage was done.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Births, Marriages, Deaths—Undertaker and Physician to be Prosecuted, Etc.

A meeting of the Board of Health was held Saturday—Dr. McCandless in the chair.

Health Officer Gray reported 612 nuisances abated. There were 1,243 dead animals removed from the stock yards at East Liberty.

There were twelve cases of small-pox reported, two of which were sent to the hospital. Two deaths occurred from this disease.

There were 1,280 births registered during the quarter ending March 31st, 1873, and 350 marriages. The deaths for April were 205.

The Health officer was instructed to bring suit against Robert Young, undertaker, Seventeenth ward, for interring a body without a permit; also, against Dr. J. S. Thom, of the Thirteenth ward, for failing to make returns of births according to law.

All undertakers are to be further instructed in regard to the kind of death certificates are to be received by them from physicians and from the Coroner.

After ordering the payment of sundry bills, the Board adjourned.

Almost Suffocated By Gas.

Joseph Pelkey, of Wilkinsburg, seems not to be acquainted with the way to manage gas, and his ignorance nearly cost him his life yesterday. On Saturday night, at about eleven o'clock, he retired to a room in the Nicholas Hotel, and in going to bed he *blew out* the light. Nothing was heard of Mr. Pelky during yesterday, and there was a mystery about the smell of gas which could not be accounted for. Shortly after nine o'clock last night it was decided to break a stranger in the room, but the key could not be found, and the door could not be opened. A search got the window over the door opened, and looking in saw a man stretched upon the floor, apparently dead, while the room was filled with gas. An alarm was given, and all sorts of rumors got afloat about murder, etc. The door was finally forced open, and the man was found to be yet breathing, but unconscious. Restoratives were applied, and in a short time he recovered enough to give an account of himself. The visit of the clerk saved the man's life, and spared six men and the Coroner a sitting.

Seward's Travels Around the World.

The first edition of 25,000 copies of this remarkable work did not supply the earliest orders of our agents. The fifth edition is now in press. Sold only by subscription. Applications for copies of the work or agencies should be addressed to Henry Lisbers, D'Appleton & Co., 549 and 551 Broadway, New York.

If you want to live to a good old age, use Golden Age whisky, for sale by Milligan Bros & Co., 29 Smithfield street.

Grocers' Sundries.

20 barrels pickles.
50 half barrel pickles.
20 cases sardines.
100 boxes Colgate's toilet soaps.
300 cases Morgan's sapollo.
200 cases Coleman's mustard.
200 cases cove and pint oysters.
50 cases California pears.
200 cases Rising Sun stove polish.
225 cases English pickles.
50 gross Burnett's flavoring extracts.
100 barrels Banner baking powder
100 cases tomato catsup.
200 cases assorted jellies.
200 barrels American dairy salt.
20 cases spiced salmon.
20 cases fresh salmon.
20 cases fresh mackerel.
40 cases fresh lobster.
Call and see samples at Jesse R. Lippincott's, 231 Liberty street.

THE only place in the city where you are sure of getting genuine imported ales, Milligan Bros. & Co.

Thoughts of Enoch Arden.

I've been reading "Enoch Arden,"
And am now prepared to say
If his wife had cooked him Pearl Wheat
He'd have never gone away.

MORAL FOR WIVES.

If you've got an "Enoch Arden"
That is much inclined to roam,
Cook him Pearl Wheat every evening,
And he'll always stay at home.

PURE Keystone whisky, six years old, at Milligan Bros. & Co.'s, 29 Smithfield street.

The Great Patent.

The White River Flour, made by an entire new process, will probably make more and better bread than any flour in the country for the money. Every dealer should keep it. See T. C. Jenkins's advertisement.

THE GREAT PATENT

White River FLOUR.

EVERY DEALER SHOULD KEEP IT.

The best Flour for the money in the market.

Full Line Groceries and General Merchandise.

INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH, and TO MEN THAT ARE PROMPT PAY.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only—*TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—IN LARGE and small amounts, by R. G. KEYS, Real Estate Broker office, 43 Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building.

WANTED—ENGINE AND BOILER—Good second hand Engine and Boiler, of 20 to 40 horse power. Address, stating lowest cash price, Lock box 167, Allegheny Post-office.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—2 MORTGAGES of $10,000 each, on improved property, or first class city property. Apply to ISAAC M. PENNOCK, No. 59 Fourth avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A YOUNG man as Clerk, Shipping or Collector. Has no objection to going out of the city. Can furnish satisfactory reference. Address E. F., Commercial office.

WANTED—WHITE WHEAT—THE Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Company will pay the highest market price for good White Wheat, at their Mills, Nos. 1 and 2 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATION AS SHIPPING Clerk in a plate or bar mill, by a Young Man of good habits and address. This is the second trial; he can estimate the weight of iron and steel. Address Box 7, this office.

WANTED—LABORERS—FARM AND Garden Hands, Girls and Women for general housework, cooking and light work of all kind. Apply at Employment office, No. 1 Ninth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SITUATION—AN INSPECTOR—Legal proceedings before the Mayor or Magistrate, knowledge of the manufacture of iron in all its branches, requires a Situation. Has good recommendations. Address Iron Inspector, Commercial office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON MORTGAGE—$5,000, $6,000, $10,000, and $15,000. Also, $5,000, $6,000, $10,000, and $15,000. Any of the above amounts can be loaned from one to three years on first class real estate. Apply to R. G. KEYS, 43 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—A GENTLEMAN EDITORIALLY connected with a leading Pittsburgh daily, who is about leaving for Kos sual on a short visit, to transact business of importance, and who, if occasion may be intrusted to him. Address R. B., Commercial office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—OF 4 ROOMS on Fifth avenue. Inquire of D. P. GEIST, corner Fifth avenue and Ferry street, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—IN ALLEGHENY CITY—Dwelling House, with 8 Rooms and large Side Yard, pleasantly located on Diamond street. Also, Dwelling House, with 4 Rooms, on North avenue, next door to corner of Grand avenue. Inquire at

Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, MAY 12, 1873.

COMING events cast their shadows before Congressman SOUTHERLAND, of Michigan, who took his back pay, recently became a candidate for Mayor of Saginaw, and was, says a local paper, "beaten out of sight." Persons interested would do well to heed the moral.

CONSIDERABLE concern appears to exist in England over the fact—of which there can be no doubt—that the way in which the Papacy has been gradually loosing ground in Italy, Spain and Germany, has intensified the energy of its operations in that country and Ireland, in the hope of thus making up for lost ground.

DURING the past month the exports from Philadelphia amounted to $2,878,802 fifty per cent. of which was comprised in the single article of petroleum. The total of during the same month last year was only $1,319,822, showing the gratifying increase of over 100 per cent. Of this amount American vessels carried $728,319 as compared with $396,238 in the corresponding month of 1872, an increase of nearly 100 per cent., indicating a substantial revival in the shipping trade of that port.

THE Spanish Minister to England is reported to have made a demand upon the British government for the prosecution of the *London* Standard for publishing articles calculated to Carlist Committee, which is *soliciting funds* to aid the Carlist insurrection. *England* is unquestionably very foolish *in swaddling* herself in Spanish politics, *which she is doing* in utter disregard of the lesson *taught* her at the recent Geneva Arbitration, *where it was* very clearly laid down that a defective state of a nation's own law was *no excuse* for her failure to exercise "due diligence" to prevent a violation of the *duties of neutrality*.

COMPARATIVELY little has been heard about Samana Bay during the past two or three months. The Secretary of the new enterprise, however, now officially announces that the Dominican Republic and the Samana Bay Company have made mutually satisfactory arrangements for the collection of customs dues on all merchandise shipped to the interior from Samana Bay, and that the the tariff of the company, in accordance with the provisions of which Samana is declared a free port, is now in *full force*. Measures of considerable public commercial interest and importance will, it is stated, shortly be taken by the Board of Directors.

A CORRESPONDENT who signs himself "A Working Man," takes issue with the views on several occasions expressed by the COMMERCIAL in regard to "labor strikes." He holds that they are the workingman's only alternative of resistance against the exactions of capital. He is in error. Co-operation is open to all. There is nothing to prevent the man who is dissatisfied with his employer from becoming himself an employer. By combining with his fellow-workmen he may, by the exercise of prudence and economy, lay aside enough to begin business in a small way; in which, if they possess the requisite skill and energy, they will succeed. Of course, if they lack these essential qualities, they will fail. And then, perhaps, it will begin to dawn upon them that the true difference between employer and employed lies not half so much in the direction of money as of brains and enterprise.

COMMENTING on the current rumor that the forthcoming St. Louis Congressional Convention is expected to be "captured" by Col. THOMAS A. SCOTT, the *Times* of that city takes leave to doubt his ability to do so, and thinks that such control can be obtained "only through the influence of a magnanimous liberality of view." Well: Unless there is a radical change in the programme as now laid down, the great railroad manager will experience precious little difficulty in accomplishing his object. The "Convention," according to present appearances, contemplates merely a series of pleasure excursions and convivial junketing—of dinings and winings and gaddings about—with hardly a pretense of any serious consideration of the questions which are the ostensible pretext for holding the Convention. The members are evidently going in "for a good time," and will probably need mighty little tempting or baiting from Colonel SCOTT, before he has made his hook fast in their gills—if he undertakes to "capture" them.

THE funeral of the late Chief Justice CHASE took place at New York on Saturday afternoon. People assembled from far and near to attend the obsequies; but in accordance with the wishes of his children, there was no pomp or parade. His remains have been taken to Washington for burial, the final solemnities taking place in that city to-day. It is a singular stroke that among the papers left by Judge CHASE in the hands of his biographer, are his diaries, which he kept with much regularity during the greater portion of his life. It is known that he was in the habit of noting, among other things, the discussions in President LINCOLN'S Cabinet of prominent topics while he was a member of it. It is to be trusted that his biographer may give portions of these sketches in his life of the deceased statesman. They would form an interesting contribution to the stock of public information concerning men and measures during perhaps the gravest period in the whole history of the country. In this connection, the fact that Mr. SEWARD in his just, but a very fine eulogium pronounced upon his memory by one of his ministers, Mr. ADAMS, and that Mr. CHASE is having his life carefully compiled and annotated, suggests that the third great Minister of the War also find a biographer—Mr. STANTON, namely.

THE odious use which the Atlantic Cable Company have made of their monopoly in recently increasing their rates fifty per cent, has given rise to a proposition which, if successfully carried out, will go a considerable way towards relieving the public of the present intolerable exactions. At a meeting of the New York Cotton Exchange on Friday, to consider the expediency of laying a new ocean cable, a petition signed by two hundred of the leading business men of that city, was read, showing the urgent necessity of such a cable, owing to the present excessive rates. Resolutions were adopted promising to sustain the new company with subscriptions, and the business of the exchange. The proposed new company has a capital of $6,750,000, and are to have the cable laid in working order by May 1 of next year. It is claimed that the cotton interest of this country patronizes this means of intercourse more extensively than any other branch of trade, and hence feels a deep interest in securing a line in which they shall hold a controlling amount of stock, and which shall be on so firm a basis as to be secure against absorption by other companies which aspire to build up ocean telegraphy into a vast monopoly. The company which now proposes to carry out this idea in a practical manner is known on the other side as the "Direct United States Cable Company," and on this side as the "American Atlantic Telegraph Company." Controlled by practical business men, and worked at rates which could be made remunerative without extortion, the project would be likely to attract general custom.

WHEN, nearly two years ago, the stout ship *Polaris*, bearing on board the members of Captain HALL'S expedition for the exploration of the polar regions, sailed away into the dangerous northern seas, it was sped on its errand by warmest wishes as well as by favorable winds, and many a heart not catalogued with the crew accompanied the devoted party. And now the news of the failure of the expedition, and the death of the veteran explorer, an outline of which is published in our telegraphic columns, will cause sincere grief throughout the whole country. If, as is written, "all mankind love lovers," they do not any the less love heroes, and many and earnest will be the prayers that those members of the expedition who are yet locked up in the icy embrace of the frigid seas may be protected and enabled to return home to their countrymen and kindred. But we do not agree with those papers which condemn such expeditions on the ground that they are productive of no practical results. It is true that all attempts to solve the problem of the North we, passage have thus far failed, and that the terrible secret of the Pole remains still unpierced; but the value of such expeditions consists in the demonstration which they furnish that nature cannot be baffled with merely material impediments. So, spite of the fact that the great problems of the material world, whose solution has cost so much anguish, and so many lives, must often have suggested the thought that there was an unhandsome victory of dead matter over living spirit, there is still no waste of heroism. The inspiration of FRANKLIN and KANE and HALL—the instinctive feeling that man can wrest the solution of the vexed question from the icy Sphinx that sits in the North—shows that man is the head of nature, and that success is not external but internal. The true triumph of the explorers consisted in their prompt obedience to a noble instinct; and although they have failed to force the frozen gates, they have attested their will to do it, and this is heroism and victory.

The Superintendent of the Military Academy reports that the cadets now selected by competitive examination are distinguished for superiority over the ordinary material sent for fabrication into army officers.

OUR CHIEF JUSTICES.

It is somewhat strange that, although our government is not one hundred years old, there should exist a difference of opinion in regard to the number of Chief Justices who have presided over the Supreme Court of the United States; yet such is the fact. We sometimes hear persons, who are looked upon as good authority in such matters, calling the late Salmon P. Chase the seventh of our Chief Justices; others, again, say he was the sixth; and others still, that he was the fifth.

It is not difficult to account for this discrepancy of statement. On the organization of the government in 1789, President Washington tendered John Jay a choice of the offices in his gift. That able statesman, diplomatist and jurist signified his preference for the Chief Justiceship of the Supreme Court. Washington made the nomination in accordance with his wish, and he was confirmed by the Senate as the first Chief Justice of the United States, September 26, 1789. In 1794 war seemed imminent between the United States and Great Britain, and Jay was sent to England to negotiate a treaty with reference to uncontermited boundaries and other matters in the hope of averting the menaced calamity. During the absence of Jay in England, he was chosen Governor of the State of New York by a very decided majority. Although his friends had put him in nomination for the Governship without his knowledge and consent, he nevertheless submitted to the will of the people and accepted the position, and tendered the resignation of the office of Chief Justice. In December 1800, immediately after the close of his second gubnernatorial term, Jay was nominated by President Adams to the Chief Justiceship of the Supreme Court, which had been made vacant by the resignation, on account of failing health of Oliver Ellsworth. He was confirmed by the Senate, but declined the honor and retired to private life when he was only fifty-six years of age.

The resignation of Chief Justice Jay was received on the 30th of June, 1795, and John Rutledge, of South Carolina, was tendered the vacancy. In many places in the country, especially in Boston, Philadelphia and Charleston, the people expressed their indignant disapproval of the "Jay treaty," as they sneeringly styled it. In no place did the fire of indignation burn more fiercely or the popular outcry wax so loud as in Charleston. Rutledge, ignorant of the fact that the chief Justiceship had been tendered him, indicated his opposition to the treaty and helped to swell the popular clamor. The Supreme Court of the United States met in Philadelphia on the 21st of August, 1795, and Rutledge presided as Chief Justice. His "imprudent asily," as Alexander Hamilton styled it, his avowed opposition to the negotiations of Jay, not only created "pain, surprise and indignation" among the federalists, but led to his rejection by the Senate when it met in December of that year. As Rutledge was never confirmed by the Senate, although he presided at one term of the Supreme Court, his name is sometimes omitted from the list of Chief Justices.

Shortly after the refusal of the Senate to confirm Rutledge, President Washington nominated Oliver Cushing, Chief Justice of the Superior Court of Massachusetts, to the position of Chief Justice of the United States. The Senate confirmed the nomination of Dr. Cushing unanimously, but he never presided over the Court. The state of his health was such that he felt he could not accept the position. After retaining his commission for a few days, he returned it, and therefore his name is not mentioned in connection with the Chief Justiceship, although he was commissioned and confirmed. In 1796 Oliver Ellsworth received the appointment to the vacancy, and filled the high function of Chief Justice of the United States for about four years, with credit to himself and honor to the nation.

The following then is a list, in their order, of the Chief Justices of the United States: 1. John Jay. 2. John Rutledge (nominated, and presided for one term, but was not confirmed.) 3. William Cushing (nominated and confirmed, but never presided.) 4. Oliver Ellsworth. 5. John Marshall. 6. Roger Brooke Taney. 7. Salmon Portland Chase. John Jay died in 1829, at the age of 84; John Rutledge in 1800, at the age of 61; William Cushing in 1810, at the age of 77; Oliver Ellsworth in 1807, at the age of 76; John Marshall in 1835, at the age of 81; Roger B. Taney in 1864, at the age of 87, and Salmon P. Chase in 1873, at the age of 65.

GENERAL AND PERSONAL.

Boston has seventeen public baths this year, and they will remain open from the 1st of June until the end of September. The cost last year was $40,465. Five of the houses are for girls and women. Pittsburgh has none.

A motion for the establishment of reciprocal trade with the Sandwich Islands has been made in the Canadian Parliament. We hope that by some such legislation the growing conspicuousness of the United States in that quarter may be subverted.

The average value of the products of manufactures per head of the population by the census of 1870 was, in New York, $179; in Pennsylvania, $102; in Connecticut, 200; in Massachusetts, $389; in Rhode Island, $253.

The streams of Virginia are very much swollen by the recent rains, and already great damage has been done. There are fears that the floods will be as disastrous as those of 1870.

California, strange to say, has gone into the bad crop prediction business. Hitherto our golden sister Commonwealth of the Pacific slope has been famous for nothing so much as for taking a cheerful view of things. Promises of extensive yields of cereals and fruits depress market prices, perhaps, and the auriferous queen of the western coast of the continent is becoming mercenary.

The considerable tribe of Snake Piutes have volunteered to take the war path against the Modocs.

The last issue of the *Cherokee Advocate*, a paper published, edited and printed by Indians at Tahlequah, Indian Territory, is filled to overflowing with details of and comments upon the Modoc war, and its columns show that even in that remote region the Aborigines are intensely interested in the bloody transactions of their brethren on the Pacific slope.

An exchange states that in England there is a law forbidding a man to marry the sister of his widow after she is dead. In this country there is no law to that effect, but the custom is not a common one.

A petrified Indian has just been expressed to Yale College, the body having been discovered and dug up in the bluffs on the North Platte, last summer.

One effect of the Modoc campaign is a falling off in the number of applications for army appointments from civil life, and, should the Indian hostilities become extended, an increased number of resignations among the younger and more enterprising officers is looked for by the War Department. The dislike of army officers to Indian campaigns is proverbial.

It is rumored in London that James Gordon Bennett is making preparations to establish a new daily in that city, which is said to have been a favorite project of his father's, who held that a London daily conducted on American principles, and with American enterprise, must reach an enormous success.

The introduction of glass lined iron pipes for the conveyance of water is strongly advocated in one of the foreign scientific journals, the great advantage of their use consisting in the simple fact that, as the water comes in contact with nothing but glass it cannot become impregnated with any oxide.

A number of Senators have directed their "public docs" to be forwarded to them as freight at their own expense. That leaven is evidently working.

A Minnesota paper says: "We are often asked by correspondents about game in this vicinity. If millions of ducks, rabbits and geese, and large numbers of cranes, pelicans, swans, and occasionally a number of grouse call be called game, then there is plenty of game here; and if pitching fish from the lake with ordinary three-tined hay forks, is any indication of good fishing, then we have good fishing here."

Lump chimneys toted in hot water will not break. Two-thirds at least of the editorial staffs of all the English secular journals of this city are communicants in the various evangelical orthodox churches.

Checkago is now the approved pronunciation.

The new building of the New York *Tribune* will be of brick in the Florentine style, nine stories high, and surmounted by a tower containing an illuminated clock, of over 200 feet elevation. It promises to be a grand structure, and it will entirely overshadow all the surrounding architecture.

PERSONAL.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* sends that paper the following facts in reference to the political campaign of 1868, and the proposed withdrawal of Governor Seymour in favor of Secretary Chase. They have never before been published: At a dinner party in Washington, on the 20th of March, 1868, Mr. James M. Carlish, an eminent lawyer of that city, made a statement to the effect that a few weeks previous, Mr. John Forsyth, of Alabama, Lee, told him that he had seen a letter from General Frank Blair to his father, in which General Blair stated that he had been informed by Washington McLean that it was useless to continue the struggle with Seymour and Blair for the presidency, that he (Gen. Blair) was satisfied of that fact, and thought that the substitution of Chief Justice Chase for Governor Seymour was the only means of success. Gen. Blair called his father (F. P. Blair, Sr.,) to go to New York and endeavor to bring that substitution about. Gen. Blair derived his own readiness to withdraw and allow another candidate to be nominated, saying that the Chief Justice was a friend of civil liberty, and his election would be beneficial to the country. Mr. Blair, Sr., thereupon went to New York, but found there was no power in the committee to make a new nomination. The matter was therefore dropped.

Only two members of Lincoln's famous war Cabinet now remain among the living—Gideon Welles and Montgomery Blair. Secretary of the Interior Smith, Attorney General Bates, Postmaster General Dennison, Secretary of State Seward and Secretary of the Treasury Chase have passed away in the order in which their names here printed.

Judge Robert Simpson, the oldest American citizen of St. Louis, died last week, aged 93. He saw the city grow from a town of 1,200 inhabitants in 1809 to a city of over 400,000 in 1870.

The Chicago *Interior* speaks of Tennyson and Thackeray as "two almost forgotten writers." That's a fast are, and names and reputations disappear as landscapes recede from the plane of the railroad traveler; but Tennyson and Thackeray yet hold their own pretty well. Thackeray has more readers to-day than when he died, while the fame of Tennyson has on the popular imagination is proved by the fact that the dregs and lees of his genius are eagerly bought and read.

Richard T. Greener, the first colored man who was graduated at Harvard (1870), has joined the editorial staff of Fred Douglass's *New Era* newspaper at Washington.

A young Hindoo has just entered the Methodist Theological School at Boston, with the purpose of qualifying himself for missionary work among his native people.

The birth-place of Nathaniel Hawthone at Salem was sold at auction, recently, for $2,375. The place is now far from attractive; the house is a weather-beaten structure, low, two stories and a half in roof, and one monstrous chimney in the middle, which is as large as a modern cupola; the rooms below are so low that a person can scarcely walk erect without touching the ceiling.

Earl Delaware, whose suicide by drowning was recorded by cable, lately killed himself through grief and remorse at the death of his mistress, a Miss Annie Nethercote, now whom he lived. He was a grandnobleman, owned whom he lived. He was a greater name, a gallant soldier, a great estate, a nobleman; but he was a sad one, and an English gentlewoman, who finally killed herself with this unhappy crank, as he supposed, to drown, drowned herself in the loss of her virtue; he drowned his sorrow over the loss of her virtue; he drowned his sorrow over remorse for her death, of which he believed himself to be the cause.

WE HAVE received from the Superintendent of the Census a copy of the compendium of the ninth census, authorized by the last Congress. It is an octavo volume of nine hundred and forty-two pages, and was compiled from the three large quarto volumes. Containing, as it does, the results of all the volumes in convenient form, will doubtless become very popular as a work of reference. Congress, at its last session, authorized the publication of 100,000 copies of the compendium.

No Postponement.

It is not wise to put off until the heats of summer have commenced the invigorating process which would have secured the system in advance, against this untoward influence. By toning the stomach, liver and bowels in the spring months with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and continuing to take this harmless but powerful vegetable invigorant during the summer, it is quite certain that even persons who are naturally delicate and deficient in vital force may escape the fits of indigestion, headache, nausea, billousness nervous debility and mental oppression which in the absence of such preparation, often prostrate and agonize the more robust. A pure stimulant, medicated with the juices of the finest tonic, anti-billous and aperient roots and herbs, is an invaluable boon to the weak and ailing, and this life-sustaining boon in the form of Hostetter's Bitters, is fortunately within the reach of all.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
Chartered in 1852.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent. compounded from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of by-laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. R. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bingay, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Sauer, Solicitor, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug, John B. Bailey, Solicitor.

Sore Nipples.—The

sufferings which many ladies experience from caked breasts and sore nipples, is little realized by men. A remedy has now come to them, and the wonder is that it has not been discovered before. The Coutaur Liniment is as delicate and soothing as a cosmetic, and affords such speedy and permanent relief, that we are showered down with thanks. It is simply a wonderful thing for all sores, lameness, and swellings.

Children Cry—for Pitcher's Castoria. It

regulates the stomach, cures wind colic and causes natural sleep. It is a substitute for castor oil. MWF

NUTRINA!!!

1. It Cooks in less time than crushed wheat.
2. It is more quickly digested.
3. It is not pasty or starchy.
4. It will not become stale or wormy.
5. It is far more sweet and palatable.
6. It will cure Constipation and Dyspepsia!
7. It is invaluable to Nursing Mothers!
8. Children will be healthy who use it.

GET IT OF YOUR GROCER.

PAPOMA!!!

Indorsed by many eminent physicians of Pittsburgh and elsewhere, as Food for INFANTS and INVALIDS. Remember that Starch is not food. It must be converted into Dextrine either in the stomach or by mechanical means. Our process saves the stomach this labor, as well as preserves the whole of the wheat.

Get it of Your Grocer or Druggist.

Nutrio Manufacturing Co.,
1520 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

CANDIDATES.

FOR ASSEMBLY—

Middle District, outside of City.

HARRY W. HORBACH,

Late Captain Co. H, 83d Reg. P. V., Willing Township, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d

FOR ASSEMBLY—

R. S. P. McCALL,

Of Tarentum, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d

FOR ASSEMBLY—

District North of the Rivers.

H. K. SAMPLE,

Shaler township. Subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d

FOR ASSEMBLY—

B. C. CHRISTY,

Of Sewickley borough, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d

FOR STATE SENATE—

CHARLES JEREMY,

Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d

FOR CORONER—

ALEX. Æ. McCANDLESS, M.D.,

Pittsburgh, subject to approval of the forthcoming Republican County Convention. d

FOR ASSEMBLY—

A. B. YOUNG,

Of Robinson township, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d

FOR CORONER—

WM. M'CALLIN,

Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

STATE SENATE—

GEO. H. ANDERSON

Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination, subject to approval of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

WM. H. CLARK,

Of North Fayette township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 5.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

JOHN A. SCOTT

Will be a candidate for re-nomination to the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 3.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—

WILLIAM COATES,

Millvale borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—

M. G. COREY,

Of Braddock's Borough, late Captain Company G, 83d Pennsylvania Volunteers. Subject to the decision of Republican Nominating Convention No. 3.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—

B. F. KENNEDY,

Of Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d

FOR PROTHONOTARY—

WILLIAM SWISSHELM,

Of Wilkins township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—

JOSEPH ROSS

Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination to the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.

GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

The United States Dispensatory, the authorized record of our Materia Medica, classes this water with the most renowned Alkaline or Carbonated Springs of Europe. For stomach disorders it is a specific. It is self preserving powers. It does not deteriorate by bottling and keeping as has never been found in any other mineral water the power to dissolve the urates, or so-called uric formations in the kidneys or bladder, the cause of Gravel, Stone, &c. Katalysine Water has done in hundreds of cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, where all physicians had failed. In this, Katalysine has generally been all powerful. Powerful to the paralytic, cured as he stood. Moselle Power to the nervous, healthy action to Abdominal dropsy, and given healthy action to the Torpid Liver. It has cured Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh, Diseases of the Throat, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration from Mental and Physical Excesses. All these by the bottled water. It is a powerful solvent for Uterine Affections. Female Weakness. It corrects the Stomach, promotes Digestion, and will clear the Head almost immediately. Pamphlets containing a history of the Spring, reports from eminent Physicians and medical writers, and testimonials from distinguished citizens, to be had on application to Agents, or will be furnished and sent by mail on application to

WHITNEY & HOLLOWAY, General Agents,
227 South Front St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GETTYSBURG SPRING CO.
For sale by R. E. SELLERS, and Druggists generally. MTH

PEARL WHEAT

IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST

Delicious, Wholesome and Nourishing

Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Entirely combined but the woody fibre and the moisture of the wheat are removed by the process, leaving all the starch glutten and the greatest part of the saline matter, also the loss of her virtue; he drowned his sorrow over remorse for her death, of which he believed himself to be the cause.

Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Co.,
185 & 195 FIRST AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Use Taylor's Barbers' Soap.

DRY GOODS.

165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

New Novelties

ADDED TO STOCK EVERY DAY.

NEW STRAW HATS

For Gents and Youths, in newest styles.

Ladies' and Misses' New Hats,
Linen Hats and Sun Bonnets,
Infants' Lace and Merino Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, Tips, Sprays, &c.

Parasols,
Parasols,
Parasols.

SUN UMBRELLAS

A very large assortment of new styles.

Human Hair Goods.

New Fancy Goods.

GENTS' NECK TIES, SCARFS, BOWS

Latest styles, new shades, a fine stock, at Low Prices.

Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

165, 167 and 169

Federal St., Allegheny.

Federal St., Allegheny.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

Japanese Poplins, handsome patterns, very low.
Japanese Silks, newest styles.
Black Silks, best celebrated makes, extra cheap.
Colored Silks, latest fashionable shades.
New Wash Poplins, at very low prices.
New Plaid Goods, extra bargains in these Goods.
New Striped Poplins, new goods, latest styles, at a bargain.

The "Flag and Thistle," our own brand

Black Alpacas,

All Grades, very Cheap.

LADIES'

New Spring Suits.

We have now open a very large and com lete line of LADIES' NEW SPRING SUITS, made in latest Spring Fashions, Plain, Fluted, Embroidered and Handsomely Braided.

At Low Prices.

WHITE GOODS

Of every description and style.

Ladies' White Waists,

&c., &c., at

WM. SEMPLE'S

165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

165, 167 and 169

Federal St., Allegheny.

Splendid Assortment of

WINDOW SHADES

In various colors, received and opened to-day, very low.

NEW CARPETS

New Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS, MATS

&c., &c., &c.

Stair Rods, Cornices, Curtains, &c.
Handsome Brackets.
Wall Pockets, elegantly carved work, good variety.

New Light and Dark Prints,
New Light and Dark Chintzes,
New Light and Dark Percales.

A Soft Finish 4-4 Muslin at a bargain.
Linen and Huck Towels and Toweling.
Damask Towels, Turkish Bath Towels.
Fine Stock of New Ginghams.
Shirtings, Checks, Ticklings, Damasks, &c., &c.,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

BULLETIN

Of New Goods Just Received.

ANOTHER LOT OF

"Perinof" and "Harris Seamless" Kid Gloves.

Windsor Scarfs, Fancy Ties.

Sash and Neck Ribbons.

Turquoise, all colors.

Registered Embroideries.

Neck Ruffings.

Linen Collars and Cuffs.

Parasols.

Muslin Underwear, Chemises, Night Dresses, Pantalettes, Skirts, &c.

F. H. EATON'S

Trimming Store,

17 FIFTH AVENUE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

B. TIEGEL,

No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

LISTS OF LICENSES

AND

TRANSFERS OF LICENSES

TO

SELL LIQUORS

IN

ALLEGHENY COUNTY,

GRANTED BY THE

County Treasurer

At May Term, 1873.

WHOLESALE.

Adler, Rosenberg & Co., No. 120 Water street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, $500.

Ahlberger Peter, No 887 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Appel John, No 387 Carson street, Thirth fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Augenstein Hannah, Carson street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Boyce A., No. 187 Wylie street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Byers David, No. 29 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Berkowitz Louis, No 210 Fifth avenue extension, SIXth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Bindley J. A., No. 15 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Backhaus Frederick, Butler street near Forty-first, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Bennett George H. & Bro., No 108 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Beaumont H. W., No 6 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Bryer James, No 139 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Bril W. H., No 63 Federal street, First ward, Allegheny, 100.

Byrne Thomas, No 233 Franklin street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Bernhart N. G., Butler road, Etna borough, 100.

Brown John, No 79 Ferry avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Carson Alexander, No 260 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Campbell Alexander, No 1,701 Carson street, Twenty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Casey & Fogerty, No 315 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 400.

Cronin Timothy, No 730 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Cooper E. T., No 53 South Diamond, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Carter Thomas, No 43 Anderson street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Carson Robert, No 82 Federal street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Connelly William, Second street, McKeesport, 100.

Dillinger Johnson, No 87 Second avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.

Dierker & Thompson, No 22 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Dingel Jacob, No 15 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Donnelly James, No 963 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Donovan Daniel O., Thirty-third street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Donahoe Thomas A., No 55 Fifth avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Durand Philip, No 47 Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Dietsch John, Main and Boundary streets, Chartiers borough, 100.

Einstein & Bro., No 276 Liberty street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Evert Frederick, No 98 Liberty street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 200.

Evers Mary, No 90 Liberty street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 200.

Eno Michael, Carson street, Twenty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Edwards & Doran, Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Filman A., No 73 Ohio street, Third ward, Allegheny, 100.

Fierle Amand, Nos 152 and 154 Franklin street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Flynn John, corner Webster and Congress streets, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Fahnestock B. S. & Co., No 76 Wood street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Flinn Johnston, S. & Co., Nos 153 to 197 First avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Flynn Morris, No 20 Seventh avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Fuhrer Joseph, Butler street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Fincke Gregor, No 223 Fifth avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Freudenberg, Julius, No 237 Fifth avenue, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Fuhs Adam, No 104 Tauson street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Froelich John, No 460 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Farrell Patrick, Chestnut street, Mansfield borough, 100.

Gribben Joseph, corner Webster and Tunnel streets, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Griffin John, corner Shafer and Forward streets, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Ganey Michael, No — Forty-eighth street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Gelschemer P., No 571 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Goodwin P., No 29 Fulton street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Glockner Albert, No 34 Sixth street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Gracey Charles, corner Carson and Eleventh streets, Twenty ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Gamble & Anderson, No 45 Ferry street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Gunst Based, No 288 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Guckenheimer A. & Bro., Nos 93 and 95 First avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, 400.

Greentree Henry, No — Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Getty James Jr, Nos 184 and 186 First avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Gerner Gotlieb, No — Second avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Grogan M., No 50 South Diamond, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Gallaher James, Noblestown plank road, Chartiers borough, 100.

Harris & Ewing, No 341 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Henderson J. & Bro., No 266 Liberty street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Hamburger Louis, No 96 Liberty street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Hall Sarah E., No — Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Hoffield Ommesi, No 21 Diamond, Third Ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Haslage & Kuhlman, No 18 Diamond, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Holmes W. H., No 144 First avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Harbaugh David, No 13 Diamond, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Hook & Ackerman, No. 1,918 Carson street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Heughbles J. H., No 168 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 200.

Heidiger George & Co., Nos 40 and 42 Ohio street, First ward, Allegheny, 100.

Hughes John, No 612 Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Hays James, No 29 Quarry street, First ward Allegheny, 100.

Isherwood Ann, No 91 Webster avenue, Second ward, Allegheny, 100.

Johnston Marshall, No. 170 Webster avenue, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kelly J. & J., No 40 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kelser F., No 194 Fifth avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kaufield E. & Bro., No. 1,504 Carson street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kennedy B., No 5 Tannehill street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kuhn G. H., No 149 Fulton street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kennedy William, No 162 Fifth avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Keller Jacob, No 199 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Klinordinger S., No 19 Diamond, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kerr Thomas R., No 327 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 200.

Kiser & Clark, No 166 Wood street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Klinordinger F., No 409 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Kraus Nicholas, No 78 Third street, Third ward, Allegheny, 100.

Keller Dennis, No 234 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Kochendoerfer Frederick, No 249 Ohio street, Third ward, Allegheny, 100.

Kramer T. P., No 34 Federal street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.

Levy J., No 25 Sixth street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Lattal Mechling, No 237 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 600.

Lanahan J. K., No 355 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 400.

Levi Joseph, No — Chesnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Ludwick & Robinson, corner Smithfield and Water streets, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 200.

Lyons Robert C., No 17 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Luchte & Bro., No 24 Diamond street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Limpert Michael, No — Penn avenue, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Lubbers B. H., No 16 Clark street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Munhall M., Nos 17 and 18 Water street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.

Malady Daniel, No 889 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Marshall Bros. & Co., No 6 Wood street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 200.

Miller, Forse & Co., Nos 221 and 223 Liberty street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 400.

Milligan Bros. & Co., No 99 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Monaghen Anthony, No 41 old Fourth avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Mintek Joseph F., No — Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.

Morganstern & Stroube, No 93 Water street, First ward, Pitt

Pittsburgh, 300.
Mackey J. W., tavern, No 137 Water street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 200.
Myers Mrs., tavern, No 92 Smithfield street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Murray T. J., tavern, No 38 Diamond Square, First ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mankis Jos., tavern, No — Isabella street, Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Johnston, tavern, No 21 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Millert And., tavern, No — Carson street, Twenty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Maloy Patrick, tavern, No — Jackson street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Myers Mary, tavern, Nos 26 and 38 Fourth avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Michael Jacob, tavern, No — Penn avenue, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Malatesta Stephen, tavern, No 413 Liberty avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Meeck Conrad, tavern, No 182 Fifth avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Medcalf John, tavern, No 96 Ross street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mashey George, tavern, Opera House saloon, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Meyers Frederick, tavern, No 83 Third avenue, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Mitchell Mc, tavern, No 2102 Carson street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Murray Thomas, tavern, No 24 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Meehan Mary, tavern, Nos 46 and 48 Seventh street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mayer John, tavern, No — Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Hugh Barney, tavern, No 40 Wylie street, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mack Gustave, tavern, No 11 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mann T. D., tavern, No 4 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Matthew Conrad, tavern, No 2610 Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Miller Joseph, tavern, No 1027 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mack Michael, tavern, No 1153 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Maher Dennis, tavern, corner of Thirty-ninth and Butler streets, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Merker Charles, tavern, No 106 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Michal Johnny, tavern, No 51 Madison avenue, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Murphy Thomas, tavern, No — Main street, Sharpsburg borough, 300.
Minert Peter, tavern, No — Walnut and Main streets, Shaler township, 300.
Mewes Herman, tavern, Brownsville road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Maguire Margaret, tavern, Elizabeth road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Mc Cann John, tavern, Lock No 3, Forward township, 100.
Mantonx A., tavern, Perrysville road, Ross township, 100.
Meeker Louis, tavern, Seventh avenue, Homestead, Mifflin township, 100.
Miller Andrew, tavern, Kittanning road, Indiana township, 100.
Miller Charles, tavern, Saxonburg road, Shaler township, 100.
Mifford Francis, tavern, Williamsport road, Forward township, 100.
Meyer John, tavern, Beaver road, McClure township, 100.
May William, tavern, Middletown road Stowe township, 100.
Moore Abram, tavern, Water street, Port Perry, North Versailles township, 100.
Mc Cullough Christian, tailor, Kittanning road, Lower Pitcairn township, 100.
Meyerhoffer John, eating house, No 49 Willow street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Miller John, eating house, No 264 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Moll Appolina, eating house, No 16 Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Mahon Ellen, eating house, No 97 Webster street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Glaughlin Patrick, eating house, No — Second avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Kelvey, eating house, No 481 Liberty street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Adams Ferrance, tavern, No 986 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Carty John, eating house, No 9 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Laughlin Manus, tavern, No 121 Webster street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Pherson J. S., tavern, No — Central avenue, Twenty first ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Donald Francis, tavern, No 64 Seventh avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Manus John, tavern, No — Butler street, Sharpsburg borough, 300.
Mc Pherson J. S., tavern, No — Penn avenue, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Glinchie James, tavern, Saw Mill Run road, Union township, 100.
Mc Cullough Peter, tavern, Carrollton, Forward township, 100.
Mc Cune John, tavern, North Versailles township, 100.
Mc Greevy Patrick, tavern, Port Perry, North Versailles township, 100.
Nickel James, eating house, Nos 60 and 62 Diamond alley, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Neeman H. H., tavern, No 1 Union street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nave & Fortney, tavern, Nos 7 and 9 Sixth street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nasser Matthew, tavern, No — Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nasser C. P., tavern, corner Butler and Forty-first street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nobles James, tavern, corner Twenty-sixth street and Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 490.
Nugent Michael, tavern, No 1 high street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nagle Michael, tavern, No 40 Wylie street, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nevin Charles, tavern, No 13 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nalady Daniel, tavern, No 889 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Murphy Patrick, tavern, No 631 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kelvey Patrick, tavern, No 105 Fifth avenue, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Cann John, tavern, No 11 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mann T. D., tavern, No 4 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Matthew Conrad, tavern, No 2610 Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Miller Joseph, tavern, No 1027 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mack Michael, tavern, No 1153 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Maher Dennis, tavern, corner of Thirty-ninth and Butler streets, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Merker Charles, tavern, No 106 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Michal Johnny, tavern, No 51 Madison avenue, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Murphy Thomas, tavern, No — Main street, Sharpsburg borough, 300.
Minert Peter, tavern, No — Walnut and Main streets, Shaler township, 300.
Mewes Herman, tavern, Brownsville road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Maguire Margaret, tavern, Elizabeth road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Mc Cann John, tavern, Lock No 3, Forward township, 100.
Mantonx A., tavern, Perrysville road, Ross township, 100.
Meeker Louis, tavern, Seventh avenue, Homestead, Mifflin township, 100.
Miller Andrew, tavern, Kittanning road, Indiana township, 100.
Miller Charles, tavern, Saxonburg road, Shaler township, 100.
Mifford Francis, tavern, Williamsport road, Forward township, 100.
Meyer John, tavern, Beaver road, McClure township, 100.
May William, tavern, Middletown road Stowe township, 100.
Moore Abram, tavern, Water street, Port Perry, North Versailles township, 100.
Mc Cullough Christian, tailor, Kittanning road, Lower Pitcairn township, 100.
Meyerhoffer John, eating house, No 49 Willow street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Miller John, eating house, No 264 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Moll Appolina, eating house, No 16 Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Mahon Ellen, eating house, No 97 Webster street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Glaughlin Patrick, eating house, No — Second avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Kelvey, eating house, No 481 Liberty street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Adams Ferrance, tavern, No 986 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Carty John, eating house, No — Forty-eighth street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Intyre Tully, eating house, No 665 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Kenna, B., eating house, No — River road, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Carty John, eating house, No 2 Walnut street, Ninth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Gill Mary, eating house, No 395 Beaver avenue, First ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Callister James, tavern, No 88 Irwin avenue, Second ward, Allegheny, 300.
Mc Nally Thomas, tavern, No 885 Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Mc Swain William, tavern, No 95 Rebecca street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Mc Cagh John, tavern, No 74 Rebecca street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Mc Cambridge John, tavern, No 668 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kelvey Patrick, tavern, Nos 272 and 274 Liberty street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Bride, tavern, No — Carson street, Twenty fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Govern John, tavern, No 394 Penn street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Elhenny J. L., tavern, No — Fifth avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Gregor James, tavern, No 112 Wylie avenue, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Adoo Peter, tavern, No 27 High street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Nichol John, tavern, corner Thirty-third street and Penn avenue, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Cormick C. D., tavern, Frankstown avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Geever James, tavern, Nos 293 and 397 Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Grew Edward, tavern, No 10 Webster avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Loper Jonathan, tavern, No 1109 Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Lennan E. C., tavern, corner Carson and Soda streets, Twenty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Williams David, tavern, No 2 Grant street Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kesg Isaac, tavern, No 451 Penn street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Bride Patrick, tavern, No 305 Webster avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Bride Daniel, tavern, No 29 Wylie avenue, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Walker Owen, tavern, No 1253 Penn street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Donough Patrick, tavern, No 17 Penn street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Laughlin Francis, tavern, No 53 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Nally Thomas, tavern, No 1821 Carson street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Donald Thomas, tavern, No 913 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Dermit Edward, tavern, No — Carson street, Thirty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Laughlin Patrick, tavern, No 284 Second avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Graw Owen, tavern, No 104 Seventh avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Grath Patrick, tavern, No — Irwin avenue, Second ward, Allegheny, 300.
Mc Donough D., tavern, No 258 Fifth avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Intire John, tavern, No 34 Diamond square, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Fetridge William J., tavern, No 156 Pike street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Gee Peter, tavern, No 100 Webster street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Gill Frank, tavern, No — Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kee Joseph, tavern, No 169 second avenue, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kinney A. N., tavern, No 12 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Hugh, tavern, No — Braddock street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Govern Owen, tavern, No 223 Second avenue, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Mullen Henry, tavern, No 6 Seventh street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kern Jas., tavern, No 903 Carson street, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Manus Ferrance, tavern, No 699 Penn avenue, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Carty Helen, tavern, No 9 Wylie street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Laughlin Manus, tavern, No 121 Webster street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Pherson J. S., tavern, No — Central avenue, Twenty first ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Donald Francis, tavern, No 64 Seventh avenue, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Manus John, tavern, No — Butler street, Sharpsburg borough, 300.
Mc Pherson J. S., tavern, No — Penn avenue, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Glinchie James, tavern, Saw Mill Run road, Union township, 100.
Mc Cullough Peter, tavern, Carrollton, Forward township, 100.
Mc Cune John, tavern, North Versailles township, 100.
Mc Greevy Patrick, tavern, Port Perry, North Versailles township, 100.
Nickel James, eating house, Nos 60 and 62 Diamond alley, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Neeman H. H., tavern, No 1 Union street, First ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nave & Fortney, tavern, Nos 7 and 9 Sixth street, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nasser Matthew, tavern, No — Butler street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nasser C. P., tavern, corner Butler and Forty-first street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nobles James, tavern, corner Twenty-sixth street and Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 490.
Nugent Michael, tavern, No 1 high street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nagle Michael, tavern, No 40 Wylie street, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nevin Charles, tavern, No 13 Carson street, Thirtieth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Nalady Daniel, tavern, No 889 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Murphy Patrick, tavern, No 631 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mc Kelvey Patrick, tavern, No 105 Fifth avenue, Third ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mack Gustave, tavern, No 11 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mann T. D., tavern, No 4 Smithfield street, Second ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Matthew Conrad, tavern, No 2610 Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Miller Joseph, tavern, No 1027 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Mack Michael, tavern, No 1153 Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Maher Dennis, tavern, corner of Thirty-ninth and Butler streets, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300.
Merker Charles, tavern, No 106 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Michal Johnny, tavern, No 51 Madison avenue, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 300.
Murphy Thomas, tavern, No — Main street, Sharpsburg borough, 300.
Minert Peter, tavern, No — Walnut and Main streets, Shaler township, 300.
Mewes Herman, tavern, Brownsville road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Maguire Margaret, tavern, Elizabeth road, Lower St. Clair township, 100.
Mc Cann John, tavern, Lock No 3, Forward township, 100.
Mantonx A., tavern, Perrysville road, Ross township, 100.
Meeker Louis, tavern, Seventh avenue, Homestead, Mifflin township, 100.
Miller Andrew, tavern, Kittanning road, Indiana township, 100.
Miller Charles, tavern, Saxonburg road, Shaler township, 100.
Mifford Francis, tavern, Williamsport road, Forward township, 100.
Meyer John, tavern, Beaver road, McClure township, 100.
May William, tavern, Middletown road Stowe township, 100.
Moore Abram, tavern, Water street, Port Perry, North Versailles township, 100.
Mc Cullough Christian, tailor, Kittanning road, Lower Pitcairn township, 100.
Meyerhoffer John, eating house, No 49 Willow street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Miller John, eating house, No 264 Ohio street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Moll Appolina, eating house, No 16 Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Mahon Ellen, eating house, No 97 Webster street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, 100.
Mc Glaughlin Patrick, eating house, No — Second avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Kelvey, eating house, No 481 Liberty street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, 100.
Mc Adams Ferrance, tavern, No 986 Penn street, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh, 300

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Attempt to Assassinate the Emperor of Germany.

Cortes Elections in Spain.

Defeat of Carlist Insurgents.

Panic at Vienna Abated.

Attempt to Assassinate Kaiser William.

[N. Y. Herald Special.]

PARIS, May 11.—Emperor William was fired upon while reviewing troops at St. Petersburg. The shot passed through his helmet and wounded an adjutant.

LONDON, May 11.—A report has been received here that the Emperor of Germany was fired upon by a priest while reviewing troops at St. Petersburg. The ball passed through his helmet, and severely wounded an adjutant. The report has not yet been published, but is considered reliable.

The Panic at Vienna Subsides.

VIENNA, May 10.—Several prominent bankers of this city have subscribed 12,000,000 florins to ease the stock market, and the Austrian Minister of Finance by an arrangement with the National Bank, has increased the sum to 20,000,000.

The Prince of Wales will leave for Pesth to-morrow, accompanied by Prince Arthur.

VIENNA, May 11.—The government proposes to modify certain provisions of the bank act, with a view of relieving the stock market.

Defeat of Carlist Insurgents.

MADRID, May 10.—Sabalis, Carlist leader, recently shot dead one of his officers who had deserted was about to surrender. A severe conflict has taken place between the Carlist band under Don Alphonso and the Republicans, resulting in the total defeat of the Carlists. Sixty-five Carlists were killed and many wounded. Information has been received at the War Office of the decision of the Carlist Chief after a series of small engagements. Several priests have been arrested in Madrid on a charge of advocating the cause of Don Carlos.

Cortes Elections in Spain.

MADRID, May 11.—The preliminary elections for Constituent Cortes began in this city yesterday. The number of votes cast on the first day was 35,925. The voting continues to-day. A large majority for the Federal Republicans is assured. The vote cast by the other parties is insignificant. Although there is much excitement the election has so far been peaceful. The official return of the Minister of Finance show that the total debt of Spain in March, 1873, was, 7,853,000,000 pesetas, about a third more than it was in 1868.

MADRID, May 11.—The Federalists have carried every election district in the city. It is reported that the neighboring towns have voted to send Admiral Topete under arrest.

The monarchists have everywhere abstained from voting in the elections for Constituent Cortes.

Disorderly Demonstration at Rome.

ROME, May 11.—During the sitting of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday a crowd numbering two hundred persons marched to the Quirinal, making a riotous demonstration on the way and shouting for the complete abolition of religious corporations. The police made a stand against the mob and prevented it from entering the Palace.

The War in Khiva—Russian Picket Party Captured and Barbarously Slain.

LONDON, May 11.—A special dispatch to the London *Times* reports that a Russian picket party under the command of a Colonel, in the advance guard of General Kaufman's column, were surprised by some Bokhara horsemen and all but seven killed in death by impalement. Three officers and a few men were captured by the Kirghese between Aralsk and Kasalinsk.

Mt-ce Ian ous Dispatches.

LONDON, May 10.—A fire was discovered to-day on the British iron steamship Agincourt. The compartment in which the fire originated was flooded. The extent of the damage is not ascertained.

Official inquiry into the loss of the steamship Atlantic was opened to-day in Liverpool. Ismay, one of the agents, testified she left the port with 933 tons of coal and provisions for thirty-two days, independant of cabin stores.

Bidwell and Nones, of Bank of England forgery notoriety, had another examination to-day at the Mansion House. It is said they will be used as Queen's evidence.

The Capital Committee in this city report Don Alphonso in the front of Iguaida, Sabali's before Manresa, and Tristany at Reno, each with a large force.

BERLIN, May 10.—It is denied that General Manteuffel will be appointed Governor General to effect the evacuation of French territory by German troops.

European Markets.

LONDON, May 10, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 93¾; for account 93⅞. American securities—5-20s '65, 91¼; do '67, 93¼; 10-40s 89; new 5s of 1881, 92. The rate of discount of the Bank of England has advanced ½ per cent., and the total duty on articles of duty on sugar has caused a decline; spot 29s 6d to 30s. Tallow 45s 6d. Refined petroleum 14¾d.

FRANKFORT, May 10.—United States bonds 5-20s '65, 95¾.

PARIS, May 10.—Rentes flat at 54 francs 20 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, May 10.—Cotton quiet; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales; American 8,000 bales; April and May shipments from New Orleans 9d; May and June delivery from Savannah and Charleston 8 15-16d. Breadstuffs quiet; red winter wheat 7s 5d. Corn 28s 3d. Pork 73s 6d. Lard 38s 6d. Cheese 73s.

ANTWERP, May 10.—Refined petroleum 41 francs.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

The court continued the trial of the case of Samuel Williams, the young man charged with rifling letters passing through the Sharon, Pa., postoffice. Miss Lettia H. Stephens, a romantic young lady of Bridgeport, Conn., who had advertised in one of the literary papers for a "correspondence," and who found a correspondent in the person of young Williams, was called to the stand and testified that, after she had corresponded with Williams for some time, he visited Bridgeport, because personally acquainted with her, took her to the Boston jubilee, presented her with a gold watch and chain, and other valuable gifts. This testimony was offered to show that Williams was spending too much money to have come by it honestly. The case for the prosecution rested, and the defense will open to-day.

The Commercial Banking Company of Pittsburgh, filed a petition asking that J. W. McDonald, of Beaver county, be adjudicated a bankrupt. The usual order was made.

The hearing on the motion for an injunction in the case of McElroy, Bledsoe & Co. vs. J. Sharp McDonald, was continued to the 15th inst.

Ezra Cooper filed a petition asking that W. O. Williams, of Erie, be adjudicated a bankrupt. At the hearing on a motion for an injunction was fixed for the 20th inst., and Marshal Hall, provisional assignee, was authorized to sell perishable property.

William Koeger, of Pittsburgh, received his final discharge under the bankrupt law.

In the case of Victory M. Johnson, bankrupt, the motion for an injunction was overruled.

The trial list is the same as heretofore published.

Common Pleas—Judges Stowe and Collier.

Mr. Forune, Secretary of the Board of Guardians of the Poor, applied to the Court for an order directing the discharge of Rachael Horner from Dixmont Hospital, and her commitment to the custody and authority of the Board of Guardians. Mr. Fortune in his petition represents that Rachael Horner was committed to Dixmont Hospital on the 30th day of September, 1870, by order of the Court, and that since that time she has been confined in that hospital. The superintendent, Mr. Reed, however, is of the opinion that she has sufficiently recovered from her insanity as to make her longer continuance at the hospital unnecessary, and hence recommends her transfer to the Board of Guardians. The order for her discharge and commitment to the Board of Guardians was made out by the Court.

Mrs. Claudia Ellis presented a petition asking to be divorced from her husband on the ground of desertion and adultery. Subpœna awarded.

J. L. Forsaith, the newly appointed coal inspector, filed his official bond in the sum of $10,000.

Captain William Ward, R. L. Dounis, H. Hoon, George Fortune, I. G. Macfarlane, Alexander Gordon and David Aiken, jr., were appointed viewers to assess damages caused by the location of lines by Christian and Theodore Kestner, by the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, said property being on Manor street, South side.

A decree was made divorcing Mary E. Morgan from David W. Morgan.

A preliminary order was made, chartering the International Building and Loan Association of Pittsburgh.

A final order was made, granting a charter of incorporation to the Columbia Boat Company.

John Enslo, of the Thirtieth ward, presented a petition for the appointment of viewers for damages caused by the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, and the Court granted the prayer of the petition, appointing the same viewers mentioned in Kestner's case.

A preliminary order was made for an amendment to the charter of the Second German Evangelical Lutheran church of this city.

Upon petition of Thomas Hays, the Court made an order directing the discharge from Dixmont Hospital of Matilda Ann Hays, confined in that institution since July last.

Mrs. Elizabeth Diehl, wife of Charles F. Diehl, presented a petition for an order directing that her separate earnings be secured to her. The asked for order was made.

The Court made a preliminary order granting a charter to "The Zion Congregation of the Reformed Church, Highland avenue, Pittsburgh."

A preliminary order was made for a charter for St. Luke's Church (Episcopal.) The corporators are Hon. Jas. S. Negley, M. D. Hoffman, Henry Lang, Jno. S. Normine, Casper Bauersmith and Robert Smith.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

224. Sharp et al. vs. Seitz et al.
212. Robinson, Jr. vs. Myers.
23. Meiler vs. Finney.
35. Carson & Co. vs. Kennedy et al.
37. Hall et al., vs. Wanless.
39. Harding & Bro. vs. Crawford,
48. Shaffer vs. Crawford.
49. Durys vs. Johnston et al.
190. Gast vs. the Allegheny and Butler Plankroad Company.
210. McKinney vs. Wood et al.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

No business of public interest was transacted in this Court on Saturday.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

In this Court, on Saturday, District Attorney Bayne announced his intention to sit for Europe on Saturday next, to be absent about three months, and moved the appointment of S. P. Fulton, Esq., as District Attorney *pro tem*. The appointment was made, and Colonel Bayne's official business will be properly attended to during his absence.

ALLEGED MALPRACTICE.

A Physician Sued for $10,000 Damages.

In the District Court, on Saturday, Wm. Owens, Esq., brought an action for damages against Dr. J. D. Schooley, a well known practising physician of Braddock borough. The plaintiffs are Mrs. Ellen Hodder and four children, heirs at law of J. H. Hodder, deceased. It is alleged that on or about the 15th of April last Mr. J. H. Hodder, residing at Braddock's Fields, met with an accident in a coal mine, in which one of his feet was badly crushed. The defendant was employed to attend the injured man, and it is charged that he was treated so unskilfully that he died—that the wounds were so tightly bandaged that the circulation was interrupted to such an extent that, in ten or fifteen days, the patient's toes and other portions of the foot rotted away, and in three weeks from the time of receiving the injury mortification and death ensued. The damages to the family in the loss of the husband and father, are laid at $10,000.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Mr Charles Walcot appears this evening and during the week in Charles Foster's sensation drama entitled "The Swamp Angels." Mr. Walcott personates Henderson, the *Herald* reporter, who was captured by the outlaws of North Carolina.

Alms's American Theater.

The last week of the season is announced at this popular place of amusement. A grand panorama will be exhibited of Boston in flames, and several new stars appear with the old favorites.

Trimble's Varieties.

Mr. George W. Thompson is underscored for to-night in the great sensation of "Lucy," a drama in four acts. Miss Denham, J. F. Hill, Harry Gray and others will assist to make a pleasant evening.

Charles Stokes & Co.,

The celebrated Merchant Tailors of Philadelphia, invite an inspection of their unusually elegant stock of fine imported fabrics for men's wear. Every attention is paid to the workmanship and trimming of their garments.

The cutting is surpassed by none, and every endeavor is used to give perfect satisfaction. 841 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, under the Girard House.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage.

PITTSBURGH, May 10, 1873.

	Cents.
Admond, Maggie, Dixmont, Pa.	3
Barnes, Mr. Dudley, Springfield, Ohio	2
Stone, Mrs. Delacey B., Syracuse, N. Y.	2
Dill, Mrs. E. G., New Orleans, La.	3
Dixie, Mrs. Rebecca, Bullou F. O., Pa.	2
Elliott, S. D., Farmington, Pa.	3
Fords, Christian Repository, St. Louis, Mo.	3
Langtin, T. B. & A., Orrville, Pa.	3
Mann, Wm., Juliet, Ill.	3
Palmer, W. C., New York	3
Richards & Co., Ira, New York	3
Sarver, Mr. B., Beaver Falls, Pa.	3
Schroder, Gottfre', Montowa, Wis	3

JOHN H STEWART, P. M.

Receipts of County Offices.

The returns for the county officers for the month of April, as reported to Controller Warner, are as follows: Recorder Richardson, $3,114; accruing to the county, $1,228 17. Prothonotary Ross, $3,005 40; accruing to the county, $400 15. Clerk of the Courts, McCleary, $750 09; accruing to the county, $225 09. District Attorney Bayne, $500; accruing to the county, $286 67. Coroner West, $285 05; accruing to the county, $91 20. Clerk of the Orphan's Court, Hindman, $290 60, which falls short of paying expenses by $9 16.

The Investigation Committee.

The committee appointed by Councils to investigate the charges made by Mr. John Dunlap, in a published pamphlet, against Mr. John Fleming, met on Saturday evening, the Fourteenth ward, held a meeting on Saturday evening, to commence the work for which they were appointed. Mr. Fleming was on hand with documents, but a request was received from Mr. Dunlap, stating that he was too ill to be present. The committee adjourned to meet at the earliest opportunity.

It may be stated that the investigation was ordered at the instance of Mr. Fleming.

Heavy Tow of Coal.

Telegraphic river advices state that the towboat Oakland, owned by Thomas Fawcett & Sons, of this city, left Louisville last evening with 525,000 bushels of coal, the tow consisting of twenty-two boats, two barges, and two French crocks. She goes to New Orleans, which place it is hoped she will safely reach. This is the first coal boat that has passed Louisville on the Mississippi river.

Turning to the figures in the COMMERCIAL we find that the largest tow was taken down by the Ajax in May, 1871, when she successfully landed at New Orleans with 560,000 bushels of coal.

The Mexican Veterans.

The veterans of the Mexican war met at City Hall, Saturday evening, for the purpose of hearing a report from Gen. Negley. In regard to the prospects of securing a pension for the survivors of that war. Mr. M. Matthews presided, with Charles B. Mowry as Secretary. Gen. Negley, who responded to an invitation to be present, made a satisfactory and encouraging statement of what had been done in Congress in the way of securing a pension for the survivors of the Mexican war. There was reason to hope that the next Congress would take up the subject in the proper spirit, and place the volunteers of 1846-'47 upon an equal footing with those who had served in the regular army.

Three to One—A Young Man Badly Used.

C. A. Smiley is a young man, and lives in East Liberty. As he was leaving his boarding place on Friday morning, one Cornelius Tomer met him and chargedhim with having insulted his (Tomer's) sisters. Smiley denied the grave accusation, but, in self-defense, did not succeed in convincing Tomer that he was innocent, for he refused to be satisfied unless Smiley would go down and deny the charges before the Misses Tomer themselves. This Smiley consented to do, so consequently he did not. Tomer had no sooner was he in the house than Tomer and his three brothers fell upon him, and, as he alleges, beat him with sticks about his head and shoulders. As soon as he could get away from the inhospitable house of the Tomers, Smiley came to Mayor Richard with a made complaint of assault and battery against the Tomer brothers who had thus for the avenged a real or imaginary insult. Now the young ladies may be arrested and brought into the Mayor's court, where they will appear to much better advantage than in their own house, when helping to whip a young man. How much better to have borne the insults they had—or imagined they had.

The Troubles About Halkett Street, Oakland.

An illustration of the result of hasty legislation is exhibited in the matter of the opening of Halkett street. The main portion of this street as laid out cuts the valuable of property of only three citizens of Oakland, and all three are opposed to the opening, but nothing can be consummated in the way needed for others. The street lies parallel with Craft avenue, and near by. A small portion of one end of it strikes out diagonally, however, and there appears to have been reason and necessity for its opening. With the understanding that it was to be only was to be opened, one of the citizens referred to the legislature that a petition was presented to councils, and in consequence of other interests represented in the City Legislature, no efforts made after the discovery of the error availed in the way of the ordinance for the opening. The matter will come up in Councils to-day, when we hope that a full and impartial hearing of the difficulty will be had and justice done. The opening of the main portion of the street needs to be unnecessary, and the cost of the incalculable damage to several very fine properties. It is said that the influence in favor of the opening is in the interest of Judge Gordon only, and that to give that property more prominent outlets, but of this we know nothing.

The Wyckoff Wood Pavement.

We are glad to know that the energetic contractors, Messrs. O'Neil & Flinn, have purchased the right for this city to lay the Wyckoff wood pavement. The claims of the Wyckoff wood pavement may be stated briefly as follows:

1. It is stronger and more durable than any other wood pavement.
2. It is smoother and makes a better drive.
3. It is more simple in construction, and horses are less liable to slip when traveling upon it than on any other wood pavement.

It is in fact more claimed that the Wyckoff wood pavement, which has been in use five years in the city of Elmira, New York, has not required repairing in that time.

Messrs. O'Neil & Flinn laid the Wyckoff pavement last year on Collins avenue, East Liberty; on Sarah street, in Birmingham, and in Spring Garden, where it has been subject to more severe travel than any other wood pavement in the city, and in every instance the Wyckoff has sustained these severe tests in a manner that excites universal commendation.

On Monday Messrs. O'Neil & Flinn will begin to lay a section of the Wyckoff wood pavement at the corner of Fifth avenue and Grant street, when they would respectfully invite the commissioners elected to have the various streets to be present and examine the method of construction.

The Novelty Works Fire.

The loss by the fire at the Pittsburgh Novelty Works this new said will hardly exceed $25,000, this is exclusive of the building. The total insurance on building and stock amounts to $8,000 distributed among various companies as follows:

Represented by Swearingen & McCandless—Howard, New York, $5,000; Commercial Union, London, $2,500; Republic, New York, $2,000; Fire Association of Philadelphia, $2,500.

Represented by Arrott & Lockhart—Queen, England, $5,000; German American, New York, $5,000; Hoffman, New York, $2,500; Hanover, New York, $2,500; Niagara, $6,500; Continental, $2,500; National, Philadelphia, $2,500.

Represented by S. S. Carrier: Ætna, Hartford, $2,500; Ætna, New York, $2,500; Orient, Hartford, $2,500; Alps, Erie, $2,500; Standard, New York, $2,500.

Pittsburgh Companies—Boatman's (on building or owner, A. D. Smith), $6,500; Eureka, (on building same) $2,500; Armenia, $2,500; Pittsburgh, $2,500; Citizens, $2,500; Cash, $2,500; Birmingham, $2,500; Enterprise, $2,500; Mechanics' & Agricultural, $2,500; German, $2,500.

Germania, New York, $5,000; Girard, Philadelphia, $2,500; Mechanics', New York, $2,500; Amazon, Cincinnati, $2,500; unknown, $2,500.

The firm will resume operations in the main portion of the building, which is uninjured, ance, so that only a portion of their employees will be thrown out for a time.

RIVER DISASTER.

The Towboat William Cowan Burned.

On Saturday Mr. William H. Brown received a dispatch from Grand Tower, on the Mississippi river, stating that on Friday evening his towboat William Cowan was totally destroyed by fire near that place. The tow of coal which the boat was to deliver for the St. Louis Gas Works, she was cut away from the boat and saved. Mr. Brown states that the Cowan cost $60,000, and was worth the time of the disaster about $45,000. There was no insurance upon her. The boat was built here and launched in October, 1870. She was 160 feet keel, 31 feet wide and had 5½ feet depth of hold. Capt. J. W. Black was in command. The Cowan was one of the best and most successful boats ever run on the Mississippi.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

Nan Ran Over and Terribly Cut Up.

Saturday evening about half-past seven, a frightful accident occurred at Superior Station, below Manchester, on the line of the Fort Wayne Road, resulting in the instant death of Ernst Kevin. He was walking down the south track and hearing a train coming stepped over to the north track, but a short distance in front of the Leetsdale accommodation. The efforts of the engineer to stop the train in time were unavailing, and the unfortunate man was run over, his head being severed and the body being dragged some distance was almost horribly mutilated. Deceased was a native of Wales, a widower, and boarded at the house of James Patton. He was employed at the works of the Superior Iron Company near the scene of the accident. Deceased was about sixty-four years of age, and leaves two grown sons who are said to be living in the South side. An inquest was held by Coroner West, and a verdict of accidental death was given—in accordance with the above facts.

STABBING AFFRAY.

A Ninth Ward Row Results Seriously.

The usual Saturday night difficulties in the Ninth Ward resulted seriously last Saturday. About twelve o'clock, on Penn avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, John Canty, while engaged in a row, was cut in the neck and also between the ribs. Particulars of the affray could not be obtained, but officers Hester and Mulvaney conveyed the injured man to the lock-up, where his wounds were dressed by Dr. McCoy. Subsequently he was taken to the Twelfth Ward Hospital. He was very much intoxicated, and from the profusion of blood with which he was covered, it was feared that the jugular vein was cut. These fears, however, turn out to be groundless, and the superintendent of the hospital expects Canty to be about in a few days. One of the smaller veins in the neck was cut, while the wound in the side was slight. Canty is an unmarried man, residing on the South Side, and employed in the American Iron Works.

James Williams was arrested for the cutting, and was committed to jail to await the result of the injuries. He strenuously denies his guilt.

INTERESTING ANNIVERSARY.

The Episcopal Church Home.

The anniversary meeting of the Church Home, established and maintained by the Episcopal Church, was held last evening at St. Peter's Church. The services were of a very interesting character, and were attended by the orphan inmates of the Home in a body, and by a large number of members of the different congregations.

After religious exercises the children sang the hymn, "Sound the Battle Cry," to the great pleasure of all present.

The business meeting then commenced, with Rev. Spaulding presiding, and reports of the working of the Home were read.

Rev. Mr. Scarborough read the report of the Secretary, and Rev. Mr. Costar the report of the Treasurer. The Home is highly successful; the inmates, over fifty in number, are well cared for and are happy. The contributions during the past year amount, or to nearly $7,000, and the expenditures to nearly $6,000. On the first of April there was a balance in the Treasurer's hands of $950. Rev. Mr. Finch is chaplain of the Home. Remarks were made by a number of gentlemen, after which the Board, which is composed of ladies of the different congregations of the Episcopal church, elected officers as follows:

President—Miss Anna M. Snill.
Secretary—Miss Martha B Bakewell.
Treasurer—Miss Indiana Tracy.

The meeting adjourned with religion exercise, and the children were then conveyed to the Home.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE

History of the Organization—Third Anniversary of the Pittsburgh Branch—Speech of Dr. Schaff.

In the month of May, 1843, one of Scotland's distinguished clergymen, Rev. Dr. Balmer, made a speech in the city of Edinburgh on the subject of Christian Union. That speech made such an impression upon John Anderson, of Paris, near Glasgow, that he resolved to do everything that a strong, christian heart and a liberal expenditure of money could accomplish to promote the visible and spiritual union of Protestant Christendom. He invited a number of prominent ministers of the gospel to write essays on the subject. In 1845, eight essays were published and widely disseminated. A copy of them was placed, gratuitously, in the library of every minister in the three kingdoms. In that year, and as a result of the publication of the essays on Christian Union, a call was signed by a large number of ministers and laymen in England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland for a "General Council of the Friends of Intermedium," with the view, as was stated at the time, of healing the divisions that exist in the church of Christ. This call met with a cordial and general response, and in the month of October, 1845, the Conference of the city of Edinburgh met. Its meeting was only preliminary. In 1846 the "Evangelical Alliance," or, as it is sometimes called, "The Protestant Ecumenical Council" and "Pan-Protestant Council," was organized in the city of London, on the following doctrinal basis, which comprises the essential dogmas of Christianity, or such as are generally acknowledged by Protestant Evangelical denominations: The divine inspiration, authority and sufficiency of the Holy Scriptures; the Unity of the Godhead, or divine nature, and the Trinity of persons therein; the utter depravity of human nature in consequence of the fall; the incarnation of the Son of God; his atonement and mediatorial intercession and reign; the justification of the sinner by faith alone; the work of the Holy Spirit in the conversion and sanctification of the sinner; the right and duty of private judgment in the interpretation of the Holy Scriptures; the divine institution of the Holy Ministry; the authority and perpetuity of the ordinances of Baptism and the Lord's Supper; the immortality of the soul, the resurrection of the body, the judgment of the world by Jesus Christ, the eternal blessedness of the righteous and the eternal punishment of the wicked. His project to hold a similar meeting in this city in the fall of 1846 was frustrated by the outbreak of the Mexican war, which, in consequence of the public excitement, caused the postponement of the meeting until the following year. The meeting was held in August, 1847, and was attended by about 800 delegates, from all parts of the United States and Canada, and from Great Britain and Germany. The services closed with the long meter doxology and the benediction.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE Incline Plane Railway companies on the South Side did a handsome business yesterday.

W. J. Hood has been appointed Deputy Inspector of Oils by Mr. Forsaith, who is Inspector.

REV. J. D. HARSHA yesterday preached the reconsecration sermon in the new Penn avenue Baptist church.

THE summer schedule of the Pennsylvania Railway will go into operation the latter part of the present month.

THE County Commissioners have summoned the assessors of the various wards of the two cities to explain their low assessments.

IT IS rumored that verbal changes were made in the new city charter after it had been signed, and it is not likely that there is any truth in the reports, however.

NEAR Marion station, on the Connellsville Railroad, on Saturday, an unknown man jumped from a train while in motion and suffered the fracture of one of his legs.

W. H. GANG, son of Caspar Gang, of Allegheny, has been appointed Deputy Warden of the county jail, and the appointment has been confirmed by the Prison Board.

ON the first of next month the night train will again be put on the Connellsville Railroad much to the satisfaction of its patrons. The train will leave at eleven o'clock.

GEORGE WOODS fell in an apoplectic fit on Saturday in a by-street in the Ninth ward. He was cared for by officer Hester, and subsequently conveyed to the Twelfth ward Hospital.

CHARLES GILMORE, of Wilson, was arrested on Saturday and has been lodged in Duquesne jail to await a hearing on a charge of larceny, preferred by Frank Van Walden, of Braddock's.

JAMES and JOHN MCNALLY, lately discharged from the Workhouse, got disorderly again on Friday, and were recommitted for thirty days by Deputy Mayor Irwin on Saturday.

TWO THOUSAND dollars, the insurance money due the widow of J. R. Oxley, deceased, from the American Council of United Workmen, Lodge No. 37, was paid to the lady on Saturday.

OFFICER SETH WILMOT has been for some days past in search of a clue to the murderer or murderers of Lizzie Kline, and it is to be hoped, as it is believed, that his efforts will be successful.

A PATENT double-up, reefable bonnet has been conceived, which ladies visiting the theater can take down and stow away in small compass, much to the relief of persons on the back benches.

AT A MEETING of the Prison Board held on Saturday morning, the nomination of Wm. H. Gang, of Allegheny, as Deputy Warden of the Allegheny county prison, was received and confirmed.

A BRICK dwelling on Cole street owned by Mrs. Brown, was struck by lightning during the little thunder shower of Friday evening. The house was somewhat injured, but the inmates were unhurt.

THE argument in the Mount Pleasant and Broadford Railroad case was heard before the Supreme Court, at Harrisburg, on Saturday. The Court took charge of the papers, and will announce its decision hereafter.

THE ANNIVERSARY of the Sabbath school connected with the First Presbyterian Church of Allegheny city was celebrated yesterday afternoon. Interesting addresses were made by Rev. C. A. Holmes of the Methodist church, and Rev. L. M. Johnson of the Central United Presbyterian church.

French China

Of their own importation, just received by R. E. Breed & Co., 100 Wood street.

Persons

Suffering from indigestion or dyspepsia should not fail to use Pearl Wheat.

The Weber Piano,

At C. Retter's, 127 Federal street, Allegheny.

Model Carriage Manufactory.

Messrs. Workman & Davis are now reaping the fruits of their many years of hard labor to make their carriage manufactory, Nos. 42, 44, 46 and 48 Sixth street, Allegheny City, one of the largest and most complete in Pennsylvania. They have been most successful in combining the large establishments of the East, and now have the satisfaction of knowing that they have honorably made for themselves one of the largest trades and a reputation like most evidence of any manufacturing house in the country. The work they send out is a surprising development of their skill and style, and they owe their immense capacity more to the spirit of honest competition and a desire to give every purchaser perfect satisfaction, than to any other causes. At their repository, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn avenue, can be seen specimens of their work in all kinds of carriages, barouches, buggies, phaetons, jaggerwagons, etc. The stock of these vehicles is at present very large, the firm having considered it prudent to be well prepared for the spring and summer trade.

Millinery and Straw Goods.

We take pleasure in referring our readers this morning to the card of Porter, Donaldson & Co., wholesale dealers in millinery, straw goods and fancy notions, located at 127 Wood street. It is the intention of this firm to keep on hand at all times a fresh stock of the latest novelties in their line of goods, and purchasing in the New York market in large quantities, they will be enabled to offer special inducements to all who deal with them. All merchants and milliners are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, as an examination will convince them that this firm can offer better goods and cheaper than any other house in the city.

Furniture

Is something everybody seems to be on the hunt for at this time of the year. Where can good, substantial, first class furniture be purchased at reasonable prices? To such who ask this question we would inform that all who examine the goods at the establishment of Messrs. J. Myers & Co., Nos. 412 and 414 Liberty street, near the railroad crossing, cannot fail to get what they want, both at prices invariably satisfactory to the average pocket book. The best styles of parlor, chamber, dining room and office furniture are on hand, and all kinds of tastes can be suited. A large stock of Soper's patent school furniture and patent bed lounges is also on hand.

Summer Clothing.

It has become one of the constant rules of society that gentlemen are expected to follow the laws of fashion as well as the ladies. Consequently gentlemen very frequently inquire for an establishment that has a reputation for turning out work of the latest fashions. To obtain a neat fit, perfect in every respect, they should say call on Messrs. Eger and Sundheim & Co., Emporium No. 1, 68 and 414 Fifth avenue, next to the Dispatch office. Their immense stock of goods sent to any point by express C. O. D.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
179 Smithfield street.

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DR. W. F. FUNDENBERG, Dentist,
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO
No. 31 SIXTH AVENUE,
OPPOSITE TRINITY CHURCH.

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BATAVIA, Sat., May 17 | JAVA, Wed., May 28

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York and Liverpool.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30 currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and to all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green, for steerage passage, at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

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Carriages and hostlery for those having horses and carriages, and all the appliances of a first class hotel Accessible by rail—within ¼ of an hour from Union Depot.

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Formerly Continental, LAWRENCEBURG, PA. This House has recently been Refitted and Refurnished with New and Elegant Furniture, and is now open for the accommodation of the public.

A Hack will be in from the House to the Railroad, connecting with all day trains, affording free passage to all patrons of the House.

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CORNICES,
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AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,
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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD.....Managers.
MONDAY EVENING, May 12th, 1873. Every Evening during the week and Saturday Matinee, the distinguished Actor,

Mr. CHARLES WALCOT,

Will appear in the New and Original Sensation drama, written by Chas. Foster, Esq., and entitled

THE SWAMP ANGELS;
Or, The Outlaws of Carolina.

Henderson, the Reporter.....Mr. Chas. Walcot.
New Scenery and Effects, Thrilling Tableaux and Situation.
SATURDAY—SWAMP ANGELS MATINEE.

FRED. AIMS'S AMERICAN VARIETY THEATER.
FRED. AIMS.....Lessee and Manager.
LITTE SIMMONS.....Stage Manager and Treasurer.
Last week of the Season. The Last Great Sensation, the Grand Panorama, Boston in Flames, on over 1,000 feet of Canvas. New Dramatic and Variety Stars. W. R. Grey, Johnny Reed, Clifton Bradshaw, Frank Wood, Johnny Manning, Nellie West, Tilly Pierce. Great Drama, Afternoon and Evening Performances Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, 2:30 P. M.

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PENN STREET, NEAR SIXTH.
R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE.....Lessee and Proprietors.
THE SENSATION OF THE PERIOD.
TO-NIGHT—The Great Dialect Comedian,
Mr. GEO. W THOMPSON,
In his sensational drama in four acts, called
Y A C U P.
J. P. Hill, Harry Gray, Fanny Denham, W. A. Rouse, &c. Yacup Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

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AUCTION SALE.

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FIVE TWO STORY
BRICK DWELLING HOUSES
On Nineteenth Street, Twenty-sixth Ward
Opposite Chess, Smythe & Co.'s office and packing rooms. These have each four rooms, finished garret and good cellar. Size 14 each by 40x60.
They will be sold on easy terms, which will be made known at time of sale.

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Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG, Dentist,
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